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Except where indicated otherwise in the table of contents the following is a complete translation of the monthly theoretical journal of the Central Committee of the Korean Workers Party published in Pyongyang.

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LET US ENERGETICALLY LAUNCH INTO THE MOTHER NATURE REMAKING TASK AIMED AT OCCUPYING THE 10-MILLION-TON GRAIN HEIGHT

Pyongyang KULLOJA in Korean Dec 76 pp 2-8

[Text] The great leader of our party and people Comrade Kim Il-song made a crucial summation "on energetically launching the nature remaking task aimed at occupying the 10-million-ton grain height" at the twelfth plenary meeting of the Fifth Party Central Committee held some time ago.

In his programmatic instructions before the last plenary meeting the great leader comprehensively illuminated the concrete direction and ways and means of carrying out the five-point nature remaking line.

The programmatic instructions of the great leader at the plenary meeting are a guiding compass which must be tightly grasped in achieving new leaps forward in our country's agricultural production and socialist rural construction and in ceaselessly accelerating overall socialist construction.

Having received amid stirring feelings of gratitude and jubilation the magnificent five-point nature remaking line laid down by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, our entire party members and workers are energetically launching, with new aspirations and hopes, into the rewarding struggle aimed at remaking Mother Nature.

Forever loyal to the call of the party, our entire party members and workers are stoutheartedly fighting on with fiery resolution to once again demonstrate the glory of honor unit, do-or-die unit, shock brigade for the great leader and the glorious party in the sacred struggle to carry out the five-point nature remaking line; they are performing new miracles and innovations day in, day out.

To thoroughly carry out the five-point nature remaking line laid down by the great leader: this is a glorious, rewarding struggle, an important revolutionary duty facing our party and people in the present period, which will bring about a turning point for a new turnaround in transforming nature and society in accordance with the demands of the chuche ideology and in energetically pushing forward our revolutionary struggle and construction tasks.

The great leader Comrade Kim I1-song taught as follows:

"The five-point nature remaking line is aimed at: first, completing all dry-field irrigation projects thoroughly in all aspects; second, carrying out conversion to terraced fields; third, undertaking work of land readjustment and improvement; fourth, implementing flood control and water conservancy; and fifth, reclaiming tidelands." ("On Energetically Launching Nature Remaking Task Aimed at Occupying 10-Million-Ton Grain Height," pp 1-2)

The five-point nature remaking line basically on dry-field irrigation and conversion to terraced fields, search for new land, flood control and water conservancy, and reclamation of tidelands is a magnificent blueprint for generating a new revolutionary upsurge in our country's agricultural production, rural construction and overall socialist construction.

The five-point nature remaking line laid down by the great leader is one which most precisely reflects the objective demands for our country's developing agriculture and the realistic potential for rapid growth in agricultural production, a most revolutionary and scientific one which makes it possible to occupy the 10-million-ton grain height ahead of schedule through the strengthening of the material and technical foundations for rural economy. Also, this is a wise line on liberating peasants from the constraints of nature and heavy labor, providing them with even more independent and creative life, and beautifying the land of the whole country by accelerating the tasks of technical revolution laid down in the great Agrarian Theses.

Thorough implementation of the five-point nature remaking line which will be another milestone in the development of rural economy represents above all the pressing demands of our country's developing agriculture for rapidly increasing agricultural production.

Thanks to the satisfactory progress made under the sagacious leadership of the great leader in fulfilling the tasks of technical revolution laid down in the Agrarian Theses, solid material and technical foundations have already been laid for rural economy.

The historic task laid down in the Agrarian Theses for introduction of irrigation has been brilliantly realized; and in our country have been laid solid agricultural production foundations, an accomplished chuche-oriented system for introduction of irrigation, capable of withstanding any major drought or flood. Moreover, in our country the task of rural electrification was brilliantly completed a long time ago; and comprehensive tasks of integrated mechanization and chemicalization are underway.

Introduction of irrigation along with electrification have been completed, and integrated mechanization and chemicalization are being successfully pushed. As a result, in our country grain production has been increasing

year after year, and this year saw a record harvest in the history of Korea, the 8-million-ton-plus grain height victoriously occupied.

Today, the rapid development of socialist construction and the revolutionary duties facing our party and people urgently demand that agricultural production be quickly increased through further consolidation and development of the agricultural production foundations already laid. As population and economy both grow at a fast pace, so are the demands for agricultural products including grain.

In particular, in light of the machinations of U.S. imperialism and the Pak Chong-hui puppet gang to provoke another war, still greater reserves of grain must also be built up in order to more solidly consolidate our revolutionary base.

For our country limited in arable lands and high in unit yields of the crops, a great potential for increasing grain harvest lies in remaking nature. Only by implementing basic measures such as nature remaking task along with improved farming methods will it be possible to occupy the 10-million-ton grain height ahead of schedule and satisfactorily meet the growing demands for grain.

Thorough implementation of the five-point nature remaking line represents a pressing task in order to prevent beforehand the adverse effects of the cold front and solidly develop agricultural production on even safer foundations.

In recent years, because of unusually severe droughts, heavy rainfalls, typhoons and unseasonable cold, farming in many of the continents of the world has been failing to critical degrees.

Because of the worldwide adverse effects of the cold front many continents and regions are experiencing severe agricultural crises, food shortages, tens of millions of people starving to death.

Inasmuch as the adverse effects of the cold front are anticipated to last for a long time to come, formulating thoroughgoing measures to successfully overcome them is a very important task in order to increase agricultural production.

Only by formulating positive and revolutionary measures aimed at large-scale dry-field irrigation and conversion to terraced fields and at readjusting lands and positively improving and creditably protecting arable lands will it be possible to successfully overcome any worldwide adverse effects of the cold front and achieve ceaseless increase in agricultural production on secure foundations.

Thus the five-point nature remaking line laid down by the great leader is a most valid one capable of properly meeting the realistic demands of our

country's developing agriculture and of successfully preventing the adverse effects of the cold front; it is a revolutionary line capable of laying solid material and technical foundations for occupying the 10-million-ton grain height.

In order to meet the realistic demands of our country's developing agriculture and to actively cope with the variable meteorological conditions which bring about lasting inclement weather, the great leader laid down the five-point nature remaking line, comprehensively illustrating the concrete contents and the struggle tasks involved.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"When non-paddy irrigation is effected, dry-field farming will be freed forever from crop failure as is the case with rice farming, and the per chongbo yield of dry-field crops can be considerably increased." ("Kim Ilsong Selected Works," Vol 5, 2d impression, p 451)

Completing dry-field irrigation projects in all aspects is the first task in carrying out the five-point nature remaking line laid down by the great leader.

In our country--where the historic task of introducing irrigation with wet-field irrigation as the key link was brilliantly completed a long time ago--accomplishing dry-field irrigation in intermediate and mountainous zones is an important question arising out of consolidating and expanding the achievements in introduction of irrigation.

As the great leader taught, when non-paddy irrigation is effected dry-field farming will be freed forever from crop failure as is the case with rice farming and the per chongbo yield of dry-field crops can be sharply increased.

In our country where the greater part of arable lands is dry fields, the greatest potential for increasing agricultural production lies in properly solving the question of water for intermediate and mountainous zones. In particular, under conditions in which the effects of the cold front critically affect our country, a complete solution to the question of water represents a pressing task that cannot be put off any longer not only for rice farming but for dry-field farming as well.

Practical experiences in various rural villages of our country show that the crop yield from fields irrigated is nearly double or at least 30 percent greater over that from fields not irrigated.

Therefore, if irrigation is effected in a few years for 400,000 chongbo through the proper creation of sources of water for irrigation such as furrow irrigation and rain catchment irrigation according to the specific conditions obtaining, then we will be in a position to sharply increase agricultural production.

A major nature remaking task where we must put effort is converting sloping land to terraced fields.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"Once sloping lands are converted to terraced fields through wide-ranging efforts and irrigation system established therefor, it will be possible to increase the present per chongbo grain yield several fold and effect an all-around mechanization of farming in intermediate and mountainous zones as well. In our country where mountainous terrains abound, conversion of sloping land to terraced fields represents one of the important means of increasing grain production." ("On Energetically Launching the Nature Remaking Task Aimed at Occupying the 10-million-ton Grain Height," p 4)

Conversion to terraced fields is an important nature remaking work which makes it possible to prevent the loss of soil, turn land fertile, insure proper ventilation, provide good sunshine toward decisively increasing the crop yield from a given unit farming area.

If sloping lands are converted to terraced fields with the conversion work widely launched and irrigation system established therefor, then it will be possible to increase the present per chongbo grain yield several fold and to effect an all-around mechanization of farming in intermediate and mountainous zones as well.

Already the great leader has personally provided an admirable model for conversion to terraced fields, concretely elucidating the principle and ways and means that must be adhered to in conversion to terraced fields.

Under the sagacious leadership of the great leader many cooperative farms have this year harvested crops several times higher than before as a result of conversion of sloping land to terraced fields.

If we create in the next few years some 150,000-200,000 chongbo of terraced fields through conversion of sloping lands with an inclination of 16 degrees or higher, then we will be in a position to do farming handily yet decisively increase grain yields.

To functionally readjust and positively improve land through the readjustment and improvement work launched on a grand scale in pursuit of creating still more new lands is an important struggle task arising out of carrying through the five-point nature remaking line.

The line laid down by the great leader on positively launching the land readjustment and improvement work is a wise one which makes it possible, through the early realization of integrated mechanization and full-scale chemicalization of the rural economy, to free peasants from every kind of heavy labor, to turn barren land into fertile land and to further increase the crop yield from a given unit farming area.

Also, this is an important task which makes it possible to beautify our national landscape and search for still more new pieces of land.

As the great leader taught, in order to increase grain yields under conditions in which rice production is not yet effected by industrial means there must be plentiful land, and land must be improved so as to turn infertile land into high-yield fertile land. If rocks are removed, soil added layer by layer and slaked lime administered, a piece of land, no matter how arid and barren it may be, can be turned into fertile land.

Therefore if, through the struggle energetically launched to readjust wetand dry-fields into well-designed standard fields, raised borders between rice fields and dry-field levees and rock walls are removed, both sides of rail tracks and roads and waterways are well taken care of, and unwanted tidal basins and boggy hollows are reclaimed, here alone can be found a lot of new pieces of land. Furthermore, if the struggle is energetically launched to improve infertile pieces of land such as acidified land and cold and swampy land, it will be possible to quickly increase agricultural production.

Holding high the slogan laid down by the great leader "let no land lie idle, not one single square inch of it!" we must conserve and love to the utmost the precious land which represents the blood and sweat of our people and wage strong struggle against phenomena of wasteful use of land on the one hand and meticulously manage it energetically striving to expand the land if by one p'yong so that we may search out 100,000 chongbo or more of new land.

Another important factor constituting the content of the five-point nature remaking line is properly performing the work of flood control and water conservancy aimed at preventing damages resulting from heavy rainfall.

As the great leader taught, flood control and water conservancy is an important task where we must necessarily put great efforts into solidifying the national foundations for agricultural production. Without properly performing the work of flood control and water conservancy it is impossible to make the irrigation system or conversion to terraced fields worthwhile.

In particular, under conditions in which as a result of the cold front unexpected heavy rainfall is frequent it is important that we properly perform the work of flood control and water conservancy so that we may prevent beforehand the damage resulting from heavy rainfall.

The great leader taught that all areas where rivers, large and small, run maintain in good repair riverine facilities and pumping stations so that there may be no damage in the slightest from heavy rainfall as a result of the worldwide cold front even if the rainfall reaches as much as 400 mm a day.

We must precisely carry out the concentration line on riverine projects such as those along the Taedong River, Ch'ongch'on River, Songch'on River; we must complete at an early date such major projects as levee construction and riverbed dredging; and we must positively push forward medium— and small—size riverine projects as an all—out mass movement in all areas on the one hand and reinforce facilities for pumping out accumulating water, coastal seawalls, floodgates while widely carrying out afforestation, erosion control and valley waterways projects.

Just as the great leader taught, more immediately we must energetically push forward dry-field irrigation and conversion to terraced fields, land readjustment and improvement, flood control and water conservancy on the one hand and carry out with foresightedness the work of reclaiming tidelands.

Reclamation of tidelands in our country where arable lands are limited represents a far-reaching task of a major transformation of Mother Nature, a task of expanding arable lands in area and changing the landscape of the country.

The western seaboard of our country is dotted with tidelands totaling hundreds of thousands of chongbo and the reclamation potential is very great. This represents great assets for creating new pieces of land large in area in a short period of time.

Already when illuminating the ten major targets of socialist economic construction the great leader laid down the militant task to reclaim 100,000 chongbo of tidelands in the near future.

If we formulate yearly plans for the reclamation of 100,000 chongbo of tidelands, solidly lay material and technical foundations such as building materials bases and facilities production bases and positively launch the reclamation work concentrating efforts on such areas as are more favorable in terms of natural geographical conditions for quick reclamation, we will be able to create even more of new land in a short period of time.

The five-point nature remaking line laid down by the great leader is indeed a wise one which makes it possible to ceaselessly accelerate agricultural production and rural construction, putting our agriculture on scientific technical foundations.

This line clearly shows the sagacious leadership of the great leader who always with his keen insight into the mature demands of revolution and construction and into the aim and aspirations of the masses of working people lays down a positive struggle direction and correct ways and means and leads the entire party and all the people toward new victories; this line clearly shows the uncommon revolutionary power of development and the consummate leadership art of the fatherly leader who turns the unfavorable into the favorable.

Brilliantly embodied in the five-point nature remaking line are the farreaching nature remaking plan and the chuche-oriented land development thought of the great leader who ignited the first torch for transforming Mother Nature by putting the first shovel to the post-liberation Pot'ong River levee reinforcement project which he had ripened during the hardfought anti-Japanese armed struggle.

The five-point nature remaking line laid down by the great leader is a landmark in our energetic revolutionary struggle and construction tasks.

The five-point nature remaking line first of all illuminates the straight path to strengthening the material and technical foundations for agricultural production and advancing the occupation of the 10-million-ton grain height.

A rewarding struggle to scale the grain height included in the ten major targets of socialist economic construction, occupying the 10-million-ton grain height is an important militant task facing our party and people in the present period.

Only by thoroughly carrying out the five-point nature remaking line will it be possible to victoriously occupy the 10-million-ton grain height through effecting grain production increase to the full potential, to accelerate overall socialist construction and to rapidly improve the standard of living for the people. Moreover, only then will it be possible to build up food reserves to a greater extent and more solidly consolidate our revolutionary base so that we may cope with any natural calamity or whatever unexpected situation may be created.

The five-point nature remaking line elucidated by the great leader makes it possible to further accelerate the industrialization and modernization of agriculture by successfully carrying out the tasks of technical revolution laid down in the Agrarian Theses.

When the five-point nature remaking line is realized it will be possible to create conditions favorable for mechanizing not only the wet-field rice farming in the plains areas but also every kind of farming in the intermediate and mountainous zones. Then, it will be possible for peasants in the mountainous zone, too, to perform their farming handily and safely, freed from heavy labor; also, they will be able to conduct their study and cultural life in an even better way.

Our task to transform Mother Nature for even better organizing the landscape of the fatherland, mountains and rivers all, handed down from generation to generation, is magnificent work dedicated to the unending prosperity of the country and the happiness of posterity.

When we energetically push forward everywhere in the country the completion of dry-field irrigation in all its aspects, conversion to terraced fields, land readjustment and improvement, flood control and water conservancy, reclamation of tidelands, it will be possible for us not only to ceaselessly

raise agricultural production, preventing any major flood, drought and cold-weather damage but also to organize our country even better and hand down to posterity fertile farming land and beautified landscape.

The five-point nature remaking line can give faith in inevitable victory and courage to the South Korean people who, looking to the northern half of the republic as a beacon of hope, are valiantly fighting against U.S. imperialism and its lackeys the Pak Chong-hui puppet gang, and energetically inspire them to the realization of the fatherland reunification cause. Conversely, to U.S. imperialism and its lackeys the Pak Chong-hui puppet gang this line will give fear and despair, further hastening their death.

The five-point nature remaking line laid down by the great leader will give a great faith in victory and prideful hope for tomorrow to revolutionary peoples of the world pursuing the path of sovereignty and self-support and energetically inspire them to new struggle.

Indeed the five-point nature remaking line laid down by the great leader represents a lofty and rewarding task which makes it possible for us to achieve new revolutionary transformations in socialist rural construction under the ray of the Agrarian Theses and to highly enhance the might of chuche Korea and the tremendous vitality of our self-supporting national economy.

Today facing us is the glorious task into which the entire party and all the people must vigorously launch so as to thoroughly carry out the five-point nature remaking line, loyally upholding the programmatic teachings of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song before the twelfth plenary meeting of the Fifth Party Central Committee and the militant appeal of the party.

In this stirring period when the three revolutions—ideological, technical and cultural—are being energetically pushed under the revolutionary slogan laid down by the glorious Party Center "ideology, technology, and culture—all in accordance with the demands of chuche!" our party is warmly appealing that the entire party and people rise all together to occupy the 10-million—ton grain height ahead of schedule by thoroughly carrying out the five—point nature remaking line.

All party members and workers, holding dearest to their hearts the militant appeal of the party, must respond in loyalty to the high political trust and great expectations of the great leader and the glorious Party Center by unanimously and vigorously launching into the rewarding struggle to transform Mother Nature and demonstrating ever more heightened revolutionary fervor and creative wisdom to the hilt.

No matter how formidably difficult task it may be to carry out the fivepoint nature remaking line, we have all the necessary conditions and potential to brilliantly fulfill it. Today the great leader is brightly illuminating the path ahead for us and the glorious Party Center is revolutionarily guiding the nature remaking task.

It is because of the sagacious leadership of the great leader that our people, undaunted by any barrier and unafraid of anything, have been able to victoriously pursue the arduous path of revolution and to erect in this land a growing and prosperous socialist power of sovereignty, self-support and self-defense.

As long as there are the sagacious leadership of the great leader and the revolutionary guidance of the glorious Party Center, there can be no fortress which we cannot occupy nor can there be any barrier which we cannot surmount.

The sagacious leadership of the great leader and the revolutionary guidance of the glorious Party Center are the decisive guarantee for the successful realization of the five-point nature remaking line.

For us there are strong chuche industry and self-supporting national economy which we have been solidly consolidating under the sagacious leadership of the great leader; and there are the rich experience gained and superior technology applied in transforming ours into a country of irrigation.

The question is how the entire party and all the people will be mobilized in this task. If all party members and workers keep waging energetic struggle, ideologically mobilizing themselves with boundless loyalty to the great leader, the five-point nature remaking line can be brilliantly carried out.

In his programmatic teachings before the recent plenary meeting the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song illuminated not only the concrete content of the five-point nature remaking line but also comprehensive ways and means of carrying it out.

As the great leader taught, the nature remaking task we want to accomplish is on such an enormous scale that it cannot be done easily in one sweep. Therefore, we must think boldly and tackle the task in a big way; we must properly set the project duration and concretely formulate the plan.

In order to successfully carry out the five-point nature remaking line it is important that measures be formulated to insure all the necessary conditions.

The great leader Comrade Kim II-song taught as follows:

"In order to successfully carry out the five-point nature remaking line it is imperative that measures be thoroughly formulated to insure all the necessary conditions." (Ibid., p 9)

Inasmuch as the scale of the struggle to carry out the five-point nature remaking line is enormous and very complex, large amounts of labor, equipment and materials are required.

All guidance functionaries must, in accordance with the demands of the Ch'ongsan-ri spirit, the Ch'ongsan-ri method, go in deep among the masses; and improving economic management with priority to political work, work with people, they must seek out still more labor potential and positively mobilize it in the rewarding struggle aimed at the transformation of Mother Nature.

All branches and units of the people's economy must not only extend aid in labor to the nature remaking task but also insure timely production and delivery of the necessary equipment and materials.

The branches concerned must, with foresightedness, rapidly organize construction equipment production bases and construction materials production bases and produce more of modern construction equipment and building materials of various kinds for delivery to the rural villages. Various branches of the people's economy such as the machine industry, metal industry, building materials industry produce more of equipment such as tractors, trucks and bulldozers and their parts, also materials necessary for nature remaking such as steel materials, pipes, wire ropes and cement, and various kinds of fertilizer and agricultural chemicals for delivery to the rural villages.

At the same time, to the struggle for carrying out the five-point nature remaking line aid must be energetically extended in the form of positively searching out and mobilizing idle materials and idle equipment, also in the form of a widely launched movement to collect scrap iron and scrap copper.

In addition, still more agricultural technicans must be dispatched to the rural villages so as to further consolidate the ranks of cooperative farm technical functionaries.

The great leader taught that in order to thoroughly carry out the five-point nature remaking line party organizations must energetically organize and launch the nature remaking task as an all-people movement.

Party organizations at all levels above all must energetically launch political work and economic agitation toward thoroughly carrying out the programmatic teachings of the great leader before the recent plenary meeting and highly inspire party members and workers to revolutionary fervor.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"The decisive factor in scoring victory and success whether in a revolutionary task or a construction task is the political preparedness and self-awakened fervor of workers to devote their all to the fatherland and people." ("On the Question of Socialist Economic Management," Vol 3, p 377)

The course of the prideful revolutionary struggle of our party and people shows that when all party members and workers, united airtight around the great leader and taking to heart the party line and policy, strive devoting their all to carry them out, they are capable of achieving great successes in the revolutionary struggle and construction tasks.

Our people successfully accomplished the 1 million chongbo irrigation project in a short time loyally implementing the decision of the September 1958 plenary meeting. Too, this was the prideful fruition of the dynamic fight of the entire people with heightened revolutionary fervor loyally upholding the teachings of the great leader.

Party organizations at all levels above all must energetically launch ideological revolution among party members and workers and even more solidly arm them with the revolutionary thought of our party, the chuche ideology. In particular, by explaining and driving home to party members and workers the teachings of the great leader before the recent plenary meeting they must see to it that party members and workers assimilate the teachings into their flesh and bone and unanimously and vigorously launch into the rewarding struggle to carry out the five-point nature remaking line.

Also, by further strengthening communist indoctrination and socialist patriotism indoctrination party organizations must see to it that in the task to transform Mother Nature dedicated to the growth and prosperity of the country and the happiness of posterity all party members and workers stoutheartedly fight on with lofty patriotic devotion and awareness as masters.

Party organizations at all levels must grasp on a routine basis the progress in the implementation of the five-point nature remaking line and further strengthen partywide guidance and control so that functionaries of agricultural guidance organs and administrative economic organs may acquit themselves fully of their responsibilities and roles.

In particular, party organizations must steadfastly push forward the task to carry out the five-point nature remaking line, closely combining it with the campaign for capturing the red flag of the three revolutions.

If, just as they carried out by an all-out mass movement the 1 million chongbo irrigation project within a short time following the September 1958 plenary meeting, our people strive in loyal implementation of the decision of the October 1976 plenary meeting to effect the irrigation of 400,000 chongbo of dry fields, build 150,000-200,000 chongbo of terraced fields, search out 100,000 chongbo of new land by removing raised borders between rice fields and dry-field levees, widely carry out flood control and water conservancy work for protection of wet and dry fields against major flood and continue to energetically push forward reclamation of tidelands, then the occupation of the 10-million-ton grain height is well within reach.

When all party organizations, the entire party members and workers move forward to thoroughly carry out in loyal implementation the programmatic teachings of the great leader before the recent plenary meeting of the Party Central Committee, we will be living so well that there will be no need to envy others anything, highly flying before the whole world our flag of complete victory in the solution to the socialist agrarian question.

Let us one and all victoriously occupy the 10-million-ton grain height by carrying out the five-point nature remaking line laid down by the great leader.

12153

CSO: 4908

LET US GENERATE A NEW REVOLUTIONARY UPSURGE IN SOCIALIST CONSTRUCTION, SPURRING THE GALLOPING CHOLLIMA

Pyongyang KULLOJA in Korean Dec 76 pp 9-16

[Text] It is the 20th anniversary of the December 1956 plenary meeting, a historic landmark in the development of our party and our revolution.

Today this anniversary is meaningfully observed by the entire party members and workers against a majestic backdrop wherein they have vigorously launched like one person into the all-people struggle to carry out in loyal implementation the magnificent five-point nature remaking line laid down by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song before the twelfth plenary meeting of the Fifth Party Central Committee.

The December 1956 plenary meeting of the Party Central Committee was a historic plenary meeting which marked the beginning of the Chollima movement in our country, demonstrating the invincible unification and unity of the entire party and people solidly united around the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song.

With the December 1956 plenary meeting as a turning point, one great revolutionary upsurge happened on all the fronts of socialist construction in our country and an all-people Chollima movement got underway.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"If we had not energetically waged the Chollima Work Team movement, it would have been impossible to build numerous cities, large and small, typified by such magnificent democratic capital Pyongyang City as we have today nor to lay solid foundations for self-supporting national economy, erecting hundreds and thousands of factories and enterprises equipped with modern technical provisions and building advanced socialist rural economy; consequently, without the movement it would have been impossible to build the socialist paradise on earth where the entire people can enjoy a happy life all together." ("Kim Il-song Selected Works," Vol 5, 2d impression, p 46)

The period from the December 1956 plenary meeting to date is a history of leaps forward interwoven with magnificent construction and creations unprecedented in the long history of our country, travels of victory filled with great miracles and exploits.

Amid the flames of the Chollima movement which developed with dynamic force following the December plenary meeting, man, nature, and society all underwent changes beyond recognition; and once an impoverished, backward country in bygone days, ours has become "Chollima Korea," "A country of socialist self-reliance" of commanding presence in the whole world.

The shining victories and priceless experiences gained in the course of the all-people Chollima march movement under the sagacious leadership of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song are more and more with each passing day proving their importance and vitality in our revolution and construction, inspiring our party and people in the struggle for attainment of the chuche cause.

Today, having introduced the revolutionary slogan "ideology, technology, and culture—all in accordance with the demands of chuche!" our glorious Party Center is fueling the flames of the campaign for capturing the red flag of the three revolutions to sweep across the country, thus making it possible to even more brilliantly give expression to the invincible might and vitality of the Chollima movement initiated by the respected and beloved leader.

By further spurring the Chollima galloping with that work trait, that vigor which brought about a revolutionary upswing in socialist construction in loyal implementation of the line laid down by the great leader before the December 1956 plenary meeting, the entire party members and workers must generate a new revolutionary upsurge in the revolutionary struggle and construction tasks.

1

The December 1956 plenary meeting of the Party Central Committee and the travels of our people on carrying out its decision unmistakably show the greatness and sagacity of leadership of the respected and beloved leader who, with his keen insight into the demands of developing revolution, into the aim of the masses of people, into the mature questions arising out of life, has been leading revolution along the one road of ceaseless victory.

The line laid down by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song before the December plenary meeting on bringing about a revolutionary upsurge in socialist construction is an aggressive, positive line on leading revolution toward a ceaseless upsurge relying on the revolutionary fervor and creativity of the masses with the banner of the chuche ideology held high.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"Our party has made up its mind to break through barriers and trials standing in its way, by believing in its members and the masses of people and mobilizing their strength. So the party, by more firmly consolidating its ranks and more solidly uniting the entire people around the party, has been dealing decisive counterblows to the offensives of all the enemies at home and abroad on the one hand while directing major efforts to socialist economic construction. The intent of our party, by inspiring the entire party, the entire people to exert strenuous efforts and further consolidate our revolutionary base like bedrock in light of the situation created and to bring about one great upsurge in socialist construction, was to thoroughly crush all offensives of the enemies within and without and throw open an even wider road for the revolution and construction tasks of our country." ("Kim Il-song Selected Works," Vol 4, 2d impression, pp 200-201)

Actively breaking through the barriers and trials standing in our way by mobilizing the strength of the masses of people and achieving a revolutionary upsurge in socialist construction were the pressing demands of our developing revolution and the situation created in the postwar period.

Having successfully fulfilled the postwar Three-Year Plan under the sagacious leadership of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, our people were about to begin fulfilling the Five-Year Plan aimed at accomplishing the tasks of basic socialist construction laid down by the Third Party Congress.

The revolutionary tasks facing us at the time were glorious and rewarding but for our revolution the situations at home and abroad were extremely complex and there were many barriers and trials standing in our way of revolution.

The maneuvers of opportunism that emerged from within the international communist movement were growing worse every day; and taking advantage of this opportunity the imperialists were staging "anti-communist" racket on a grand scale. Meanwhile, the "northward march" racket and aggressive provocations of U.S. imperialism occupying South Korea and its lackeys were being unprecedentedly intensified.

Taking advantage of this complex situation, the anti-party, counterrevolutionary factional elements within the party viciously perpetrated plots against our party and government, getting a ride on the coattails of outside forces.

The economic situation of the country was also very difficult. For us materials and funds were short and the standard of living for the people, too, was still in a difficult state.

As to how to score a breakthrough in this complex and difficult situation was indeed a crucial question affecting the path ahead for our revolution and its future development.

Thanks to the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song who, with his keen insight into the situation created and the demands of developing revolution, took timely action to convene a plenary meeting of the Party Central Committee and clearly show the path ahead for revolution, it has been possible for us to actively surmount the difficult situation in all its aspects and continue to victoriously move our revolution forward.

The great leader taught at the December plenary meeting that an important way to successfully fulfill the tasks for the first year of the Five-Year Plan and bring about a great upswing in socialist construction was to mount uncompromising struggle against elements of passivism and conservatism wavering in the face of barriers on the one hand and mobilize and utilize in every possible way the inner production potential and improve the utilization of facilities; so teaching, he laid down the militant slogan "Production increase and conservation to the maximum."

The line laid down by the great leader on achieving a great upswing in socialist construction is one that embodies his outstanding strategy for leading revolution to a sustained upsurge by turning an unfavorable situation into a favorable situation, firmly believing in the strength of party members and the masses of people and actively, aggressively solving all questions thoroughly maintaining the chuche-oriented stand under whatever difficult conditions.

The line laid down by the great leader was a most wise one on leading socialist construction to an upsurge, actively turning any difficult corner through highly promoting the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance in socialist construction and carrying out the revolutionary mass line.

Following the conclusion of the plenary meeting the great leader personally went in among the working class and searched for concrete ways and means to mobilize possibilities for growth in production to the full potential scoring a breakthrough in the difficult situation created; and laying down the revolutionary slogan "let us race forward with the force of a Chollima rider!" he organized and mobilized party members and workers in the majestic struggle to accelerate socialist construction.

Always solving all questions as he does relying on the strength of the masses of people, the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song personally went to visit Kangson Steel Works and other factories and rural villages in the county, made known to the workers the difficult situation facing the country, the demands of revolution and the determination of the party, discussed with them the ways and means to overcome the barriers and trials, and implanted in every heart of theirs a kindling coal of leaps forward and innovations.

The on-the-spot guidance the great leader gave in order to inspire party members and workers to carry out the decision of the plenary meeting became a turning point in shaping a new history of miracles and innovations in this land.

Boundlessly inspired by the teachings of the great leader, the entire party members and workers came forward to enthusiastically support and protect our party's revolutionary line laid down by the leader; everywhere they searched out an enormous potential, crushing passivism and conservatism and registering new records, new standards ceaselessly on all fronts of socialist construction.

In the process of this very struggle the great Chollima movement came into being in our country and were created speeds astounding peoples of the world, "Pyongyang speed," "vinalon speed" and "Kangson speed" which begot a new Chollima speed, the "70-day battle speed" of loyalty.

In the course of the majestic march of the Chollima movement a basic change occurred in the mental and moral features of our people; and our workers, successfully turning difficult corners in the fulfillment of the Five-Year Plan, brilliantly carried out the historic task of socialist industrialization and came to stand on the towering peak of the Six-Year Plan.

The struggle to carry out the decision of the historic December 1956 plenary meeting and the subsequent travels of our country's socialist construction are indeed a history of prideful victories in which our people have energetically accelerated revolution and construction under the sagacious leadership of the respected and beloved leader along the road of march thrown open by him for the great Chollima movement.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"The sagacious leadership of the party, the immovable unification of the party and the people, and the extraordinary mental preparedness and revolutionary fervor of our people bent on rapidly moving forward: these are what underlines the great upswing in socialist construction and the Chollima movement, what constitutes the decisive guarantee for all our victories." ("Kim Il-song Selected Works," Vol 3, 2d impression, p 96)

The Chollima movement created by the great leader is a great revolutionary movement of millions of workers of our country aimed at bringing about ceaseless innovations, sweeping away everything backward, in the domains of economy and culture, ideology and morality, and at extraordinarily accelerating socialist construction.

The great Chollima movement, the general line of our party on socialist construction, is a communist indoctrination movement designed to turn many people into positivists for socialist construction who keep moving forward and achieving innovations, a communist forward movement aimed at making many people energetically push forward socialist construction, displaying mass heroism.

The historic victories won in establishing the advanced socialist system and laying solid foundations for self-supporting national economy within the shortest span of time from postwar ashes show that the Chollima movement founded by the great leader is indeed a powerful inspirational force

of socialist construction capable of accelerating revolution and construction to the utmost, enhancing the revolutionary fervor and creativity of our people, a mass march movement which our party and people must keep tightly grasping throughout socialist and communist construction.

The historical experience in the Chollima movement of our country has energetically proved that a people, armed with the great chuche ideology and the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance and united around their outstanding leader, are invincible, capable of demonstrating inexhaustible strength beyond imagination in revolution and construction.

The great upswing in socialist construction and the Chollima movement represent a ringing victory of the immortal chuche ideology and the revolutionary mass line founded by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, priceless fruits of the invincible unification and unity of our party and people solidly united around the leader.

From the firm chuche-oriented stand that masters of the Korean revolution are the Korean people, that the Korean revolution must be carried out through and through by our people holding themselves responsible for it, the great leader laid down a most precise line and policy for each period, each phase of revolution and construction; and once a policy is formulated, he has been energetically organizing and mobilizing the party and the masses in carrying it through, with his indomitable tenacity and revolutionary power of development whatever the complex, difficult situation.

Always believing in the strength of the masses of people and thoroughly relying on them, the great leader has been discussing with them national questions, big and small, in an open, friendly manner without standing on ceremony, educating them in the revolutionary spirit of thinking big and acting boldly while leading revolution and construction by organizing and mobilizing their inexhaustible creative strength.

It is because of the chuche ideology and sagacious leadership of the great leader that at all times our people boundlessly trust the leader, look up to him, take to him, that with heightened awareness and firm faith in their cause they have been able to energetically race forward with Chollima force, demonstrating incomparable devotion and mass heroism.

The historical experience in the Chollima movement of our country shows that no matter what barriers and trials may lie ahead in the path of revolution and construction, if the barriers and trials are courageously tackled head-on without the slightest vacillation and hesitation, it is possible to advance the victory of revolution. The great upswing in socialist construction and the Chollima movement represent the victory, the great fruition of the outstanding strategy and sagacious leadership of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song in leading revolution to victory, scoring a breakthrough in difficult situations of all kinds on the basis of the revolutionary fervor of the masses, a basis he has uniquely laid down and has been invariably holding fast to.

Because the great leader laid down this revolutionary and positive line and brilliantly embodied it, it was possible for our party and people, despite such difficult, complex situation in the postwar period, to successfully crush the reactionary offensives of the enemies and the plots of anti-party, counterrevolutionary factional elements, to work astounding miracles and achieve innovations directing major efforts to socialist economic construction and to steadfastly develop the Chollima movement.

Amid the flames of this Chollima movement our people came to be united even more airtight around the great leader, the prestige of our party among the masses rose to a new high, and socialist construction in our country continued to move forward at a high rate of speed.

Possessed of genius wisdom and tenacious revolutionary will, the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song laid down an outstanding strategy for turning a misfortune into a blessing; and this is what made it possible for our people to actively overcome the formidable trials and barriers of the postwar period and bring about a ceaseless upsurge in the revolutionary struggle and construction tasks.

The prideful travels of victory from the time the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song called our people to the great upswing in socialist construction and the Chollima movement to date energetically show indeed that for us at all times there are none but victory and glory, happiness and prosperity, when we, solidly united around the great leader, energetically move forward along the road indicated by him.

2

Our party and people, accelerating the Chollima march in loyal implementation of the revolutionary line the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song laid down at the December 1956 plenary meeting, have come far indeed in socialist revolution and socialist construction.

In order to consolidate and develop this great victory and achievement and achieve a new greater advance in our revolutionary cause, we must continue to race forward at an even higher rate of speed.

The situation created in our country and the enormous tasks of socialist construction demand it today.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"We must continue to energetically push forward socialist construction. Only by creditably doing socialist construction will it be possible to realize fatherland reunification and nationwide independence, to successfully attain the socialist and communist cause."

At the moment our people are struggling, amid a very tense situation in the country, for independent fatherland reunification and the nationwide victory of revolution.

On account of the criminal aggression and splittist machinations of U.S. imperialism and its lackeys the Pak Chong-hui puppet gang, dark clouds of war continue to hang over the heads of our people and in the path ahead for fatherland reunification still lie many barriers.

Such situation demands of us to maintain an alert, mobilized posture more than at any time, to bring about a new revolutionary upsurge in socialist construction.

To do socialist construction still better as the situation gets more strained and based on the achievements thereof, to actively meet head-on the aggression machinations of the enemies: this is the revolutionary attribute, the heroic spirit of our people enjoying the sagacious leader-ship of the great leader.

In the 1956-1957 period, a period of formidable trials with the situations at home and abroad very difficult and many barriers lying in the path ahead for revolution, our people met head-on the aggression machinations of the enemies by exerting strenuous efforts to bring about a revolution upsurge in socialist construction.

Today, under conditions in which U.S. imperialist and its lackeys are aggravating the situation more than at any time, our people must resolutely break the enemy machinations to provoke war and register a new advance in revolution by making echoes of the revolutionary drumbeat and bugle call for speed battle forward ring ever louder and bringing about an even greater revolutionary upsurge and leap forward in socialist construction. This is the supreme demand of our revolution with fatherland reunification and the nationwide victory of revolution at hand, the lofty revolutionary duty of the entire party members and workers.

To generate a new revolutionary upsurge on all fronts of socialist construction spurring the galloping Chollima is not only the demand of today's strained situation but also the pressing requirement for the development of our people's economy.

Industrialization completed and the Six-Year Plan victoriously fulfilled, our people's economy has entered upon a new higher phase in development and our people are energetically waging the socialist grand construction battle to occupy the magnificent ten targets of economic construction.

The socialist grand construction line laid down by the great leader is a revolutionary and positive line which, based on his genius analysis of the overall situation of the country and the demands for developing revolution, makes it possible to further strengthen the might of our chuche fatherland and advance the complete victory of socialism and the nationwide triumph of revolution.

The struggle aimed at carrying through this line is a tremendous economic construction struggle on a scale unprecedented in the annals of socialist construction in our country, a grand speed battle designed to push forward all tasks in a big way with lightning speed at an extraordinarily high rate of speed never before registered.

Always leading as he has been the socialist construction struggle of our people along the one road of victory, the respected and beloved leader at the recently held twelfth plenary meeting of the Fifth Party Central Committee laid down this time the historic five-point nature remaking line illuminating the precise path ahead for occupying ahead of schedule the 10-million-ton grain height, one of the ten major targets of economic construction and for reshaping the features of national landscape.

In order to successfully realize the ten major targets of socialist economic construction and the five-point nature remaking line laid down by the great leader, we must race forward with gale force at a rate of speed higher than ever before toward strengthening the might of our fatherland and further improving the standard of living for the people.

Now is the time for all party members and workers throughout the country to mobilize to the full potential their ideo-political strength tempered and built up to date and the potentialities of our people's economy, to generate momentum in speed for taking ten steps, nay, one hundred steps at a time instead of a step at a time, to bring about a new revolutionary upsurge on all fronts of socialist construction, and to thus energetically demonstrate the glory of Chollima Korea once again before the whole world.

Today, we have all the conditions and potential for successfully occupying the magnificent ten targets of economic construction ahead of schedule registering an even higher rate of development speed.

We have the sagacious leadership of the great leader who is always leading our people confidently along the road of victory and glory; we have the tested guidance of the revolutionary, militant, powerful party loyally upholding the lofty will of the leader.

Too, we have the revolutionary fervor of the masses extraordinarily heightened through the struggle to victoriously occupy the towering heights of the Six-Year Plan; we have the priceless experiences and solid material and technical foundations compiled in the course of the Chollima march with the dynamic force of speed battle.

In fact, today our people are waging the economic construction struggle under conditions and environments favorable beyond comparison with those at the time we began the Chollima march, a period of tight circumstances when everything was in short supply. If at that time the additional production of 10,000 tons of steel materials posed a problem for us, the present strength of our economy has reached such a high level that the occupation of the 12-million-ton steel height is within sight.

As long as there are the sagacious leadership of the great leader and the tested guidance of the glorious Party Center, as long as there is the revolutionary fervor of the masses brimming with fighting spirit, as long as there are the resilient economic resources with great force of life, we have nothing to fear nor any hill we cannot occupy.

An important question arising today out of generating a new revolutionary upsurge on all fronts of socialist construction is tightly grasping the campaign for capturing the red flag of the three revolutions initiated by our party and fueling the fire into even more sweeping flames.

Being waged with the revolutionary slogan "ideology, technology, and culture—all in accordance with the demands of chuche!" the campaign for capturing the red flag of the three revolutions is an all-people, all-out march movement which, reflecting the demands of the new phase in our revolution, makes it possible to strengthen the revolutionary forces in every possible way and achieve still greater leaps forward in revolution and construction toward advancing fatherland reunification and the complete victory of socialism. This campaign is the Chollima Work Team movement—which is being energetically waged in our country—deepened and developed to a new higher level.

All branches and units of the people's economy must energetically wage the campaign for capturing the red flag of the three revolutions, grasping it with even greater dynamic force; with that spirit, that work trait demonstrated at the time of beginning the Chollima movement following the December 1956 plenary meeting, they must register in revolution and construction a new Chollima speed, the campaign for capturing the red flag of the three revolutions speed.

Holding dear to heart their fiery loyalty to the great leader and the glorious party, the entire party members and workers must more energetically wage the campaign for capturing the red flag of the three revolutions, demonstrate incomparable devotion and mass heroism on all fronts of socialist construction, and thus sustain a continuous upsurge in revolution.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"Only when broad circles of workers are thoroughly armed in the spirit of faithfully serving the party and revolution, in the spirit of devoting themselves to the struggle for the sake of the fatherland and the people, can there be brought about a genuine mass labor upsurge in socialist construction and so can appear true mass heroism." ("Kim Il-song Selected Works," Vol 3, 2d impression, p 97)

The fiery enthusiasm to occupy ahead of schedule at all events the magnificent targets of socialist grand construction set by the great leader, and the heightened political awareness to unconditionally carry out the teachings of the leader, going through fire and water if need be: these are the inspiring force leading socialist construction to a ceaseless upsurge, the key to its victory.

This is the precious truth our party and people have personally experienced day in, day out in the arduous struggle for socialist construction, the immutable credo of our party members and workers.

By conducting among party members and workers more aggressively than at any time unitary ideology indoctrination centered in loyalty to the great leader, we must make every heart of theirs vigorously pulsate with only one desire, loyalty to the leader.

Loyalty to the great leader is expressed in revolutionary practice for the execution of the instructions of the leader and the policy of the party, not in words.

The instructions of the respected and beloved leader are the organized will of our party, the working class, and the people; what the leader concerns himself with and wishes is the unanimous aspiration of our party members and people. Unconditionally carrying out the instructions of the leader to the end is our sublime glory, our supreme duty; and thoroughly carrying out with all our hearts the instructions of the leader and the policy of the party is where the guarantee for all our victories is.

The postwar socialist construction was everyday a day of arduous struggle. Just as they did in that period, all party members and workers must regard the instructions of the great leader and the policy of the party as law, as supreme command; and they must wage the rewarding struggle for socialist grand construction in the revolutionary spirit of carrying out the instructions and policy to the end at all events if they fall and rise again for the hundredth time. We must unconditionally carry out to the end the instructions of the great leader and the policies of the party whether they are easy or difficult, whether attendant conditions are favorable or unfavorable; we must ever more highly demonstrate the revolutionary attitude and fighting spirit that go through a wall we shall if we must, score a breakthrough we shall if we must.

In order to generate a new revolutionary upsurge in socialist construction tightly grasping the campaign for capturing the red flag of the three revolutions, there must be scientific technology underpinning the politico-ideological preparations of the masses at a high level. Only then will it be possible to register such an extraordinarily high rate of development speed as astounds people and score great achievements in revolution and construction.

The basic work facing us today in technical revolution is thoroughly realizing the three major tasks of technical revolution laid down by the great leader.

In bygone days when our people first began the Chollima movement it was not possible to lay down the high demands of technical revolution and manual labor techniques were utilized in large measure. But today, now that

socialist industrialization has been already completed and economy and technology developed, the industrial branch under the banners of the three major tasks of technical revolution must widely adopt mechanization, semi-automation and automation, positively improve technical processes and highly modernize production. For its part, the rural economic branch must consolidate and expand the achievements scored in effecting irrigation and still more industrialize and modernize agriculture through integrated mechanization and chemicalization.

Deeply realizing that an important potential for growth in production in the present period lies in technical innovations, all party members and workers must improve their respective standards of technical skill one grade higher. Everywhere they must be bold in presenting their inventions and suggesting creative ideas and designs on rationalization; and they must be positive in adopting them in production. By highly promoting the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance, by blowing technological mysticism to smithereens and by strengthening creative cooperation among workers, scientists and technicians we must fuel the fire of mass technical innovations into sweeping flames and achieve one great leap forward in the development of production and technology.

For all branches of the people's economy to strengthen the conservation struggle and steadfastly and diligently run housekeeping toward greater production and construction is an important demand of our country's socialist construction.

Inexhaustible are the potentialities of the self-supporting national economy which our people built after the war, tightening their belts and saving every penny; and we have the potential and strength for achieving even greater leaps forward and innovations in all areas.

If all branches rationally organize labor and creditably mobilize potential labor, this alone will yield considerable additional work force in terms of the people's economy and it will be possible to sharply increase per man volume of production. Also, if factories and enterprises positively search out raw and other materials lying idle and effectively utilize every unit of equipment without exception, this alone will make it possible to increase production far more than now.

With that vigor with which we waged the struggle to maximize production and conservation in loyal implementation of the decision of the December 1956 plenary meeting, we must carry through the slogan of the party "let us conserve, conserve and conserve still more!" By so doing we must save one more kilowatt hour of electricity, one more gram of coal, one more drop of oil, one more grain of rice; we must produce more with existing work force, existing materials, existing facilities; and we must further improve the standard of living for the people.

One of the major questions arising out of bringing about a new greater revolutionary upsurge in socialist construction is for all branches of the people's economy to fuel the fire of joint innovations into sweeping flames and for the entire party, the whole country and all the people to vigorously launch into energetically extending aid to the work sites of socialist grand construction bubbling with warm enthusiasm of loyalty.

In particular, the major fronts of socialist construction such as the extractive industry, electric industry, agriculture, fisheries and transportation must bring about an even greater productive upsurge while the metal industry, machine industry, capital construction and all the other branches must launch a strong joint innovation movement. All factories, enterprises and construction sites must prevent the surfacing of the slightest element of self-centeredness, an obstacle to economic development, and establish stern discipline for insuring the priority production of cooperative products.

Just as they did every day during the arduous postwar rehabilitation construction, just as they did during the rewarding struggle to carry out socialist industrialization and occupy the heights of the Six-Year Plan, all party members and workers must jump into the battlefields of socialist grand construction and positively help, those of strong frame with strength and those of technical skills with technical skills. We must spiritedly push forward, as an all-party, all-people movement, the struggle to overcome the effects of the cold front and further develop agricultural production, realizing the five-point nature remaking line laid down by the great leader at the recent October plenary meeting of the Party Central Committee.

To carry through the traditional revolutionary mass line of our party set forth by the great leader and to improve the work method and attitude of functionaries: this is an important guarantee for bringing about a ceaseless mass upsurge in socialist construction.

The Chollima movement, which is becoming a powerful inspiring force for the socialist construction of our country, and its steadfast development are the brilliant fruition of the revolutionary mass line which the great leader laid down and the examples of which he personally set.

In line with the realistic demands of socialist grand construction and the heightened revolutionary fervor of the masses, our functionaries must more solidly unite the masses around the great leader and the Party Center and energetically organize and mobilize them in carrying out the party policy.

Our functionaries must become able agitators, organizers, who, loyally upholding with all their hearts the revolutionary slogan "production, study, and life--all in accordance with the anti-Japanese guerrilla style!" and as required by the Ch'ongsan-ri method, go in deep among the masses, live

with them under the same roof, positively explain the party policy to them, solidly unite the broad masses around the great leader and the party and inspire them to heroic exploits in socialist economic construction. Our functionaries must always set standards by their own examples and in accordance with the demands of the great Taean Work System, give priority to political work, work with people, over all tasks, and plan and organize thorough economic organizational work.

Without allowing themselves to fall a victim to peace moods in today's tense situation but maintaining a mobilized, alert posture at all times and bringing about a ceaseless productive upsurge in socialist construction, let all party members and workers further enhance the glory of Chollima Korea and advance with dynamic force the ultimate victory of our revolutionary cause.

12153

CSO: 4908

THE HISTORIC MINGYUEHKOU CONFERENCE WAS THE TORCH OF THE ARMED STRUGGLE

Pyongyang KULLOJA in Korean Dec 76 pp 17-22

[Article by Kang Chun-kum]

[Text] Today our people commemorate meaningfully with a great national pride and revolutionary self-esteem the 45th anniversary of the historic Mingyuehkou conference at which was laid down the strategic and tactical line on organizing and launching armed struggle against Japanese imperialism.

On this day of felicity all our party members and workers look back with deep emotion on the glory-filled revolutionary career of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song who early set out on the road to revolution shouldering upon himself the destinies of the fatherland and the people and organized and led the anti-Japanese armed struggle to victory; and they reaffirm their fiery determination to attain to the end the chuche revolutionary cause charted by the fatherly leader.

The Minyuehkou conference was a historic meeting which brought about a great turnaround in developing to a new higher level the anti-Japanese national liberation struggle and the communist movement of our country.

In implementation of the Mingyuehkou conference line the anti-Japanese guerrilla unit was founded for the beginning of the anti-Japanese armed struggle and because of this, our people came to rise bearing arms under the banner of the immortal chuche ideology in the sacred revolutionary struggle for national sovereign rights and fatherland restoration; and the Korean revolution, in the course of the armed struggle, the highest form of colonial national liberation struggle, made a long drive taking advantage of victory.

The Mingyuehkou conference was convened in the historic period urgently demanding the national liberation movement of our country to be developed into an organized armed struggle.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"The existing situation today calls on us to organize and launch posthaste armed struggle against Japanese imperialism." ("On Organizing and Launching Armed Struggle Against Japanese Imperialism," p 1)

In the period from the late 1920's to the early 1930's Japanese imperialism further sharpened its colonial rule over Korea and intensified the exploitation and oppression of the people under its fascist military dictatorship.

In particular, following its armed invasion of Manchuria Japanese imperialism stepped up more than ever before its fascist outrages against the Korean people for "security of the rear." Thus every place where Koreans were residing, whether inside or outside Korea, was immersed in a sea of blood by the massacres and "mopping-up" atrocities committed by Japanese imperialism; and the grievances of the people soared to heaven. The Korean people were at a crossroads of taking it lying down to death or rising up to fight. The question was not to be solved by either grieving over the bestial atrocities of the Japanese imperialist aggressors or crying out against them alone.

Then existing situation urgently demanded that a correct struggle form and struggle method be defined, that the revolutionary struggle be developed into a decisive struggle to crush the Japanese imperialist aggressors without delay.

The great leader Comrade Kim II-song convened the historic Mingyuehkou conference on 16 December 1931 in order to carry through the chuche-oriented Korean revolution line, the anti-Japanese armed struggle line earlier laid down on the basis of his scientific analysis of then existing revolutionary situations at home and abroad and the balance of power between the enemies and ourselves.

Solemnly declaring at the conference that the time came to launch sacred armed struggle for fatherland restoration, the great leader appealed to the entire nation to rise in an all-out anti-Japanese armed struggle, one and all in unison in the struggle against Japanese imperialism, whether rich or poor, regardless of party or organization affiliations and religious beliefs, donating guns, money, and service whichever they could.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song delivered his historic speech "on organizing and launching armed struggle against Japanese imperialism" at the Mingyuehkou conference.

In this historic speech of his the great leader elucidated in a concrete way the various conditions compelling the launching of armed struggle against the powerful aggressive armed forces amid environments wherein the Japanese imperialist colonial suppression policy was being unprecedentedly intensified; and he laid down the unique line on organizing and launching the anti-Japanese armed struggle primarily in the form of guerrilla warfare.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"If we properly take advantage of the favorable natural geographic conditions of Korea's border areas and the vast expanse of Manchuria, then with a small force we can still inflict constant attrition on the enemy armed forces and score victory ultimately. To this end, we must organize and launch armed struggle primarily in the form of guerrilla warfare." (Ibid., p 6)

Armed struggle primarily in the form of guerrilla warfare as laid down by the great leader was a most effective struggle method capable of dealing great military and political blows to the enemy while preserving our own forces, of enabling us with a small force to wipe out numerically and technically superior enemy forces. Also, under conditions in which there was no national rear this was a most precise armed struggle form which would make it possible, relying on the positive support and aid of the masses of people and the favorable natural geographic conditions, to carry on the armed struggle for a prolonged period of time while contantly expanding and strengthening our own armed forces and to destroy the Japanese imperialist aggressive armed forces toward the final victory.

At the conference the great leader laid down a concrete line on first founding an anti-Japanese guerrilla unit as a standing revolutionary army in order to organize and launch the armed struggle in the form of guerrilla warfare and on building up a revolutionary stronghold and a mass base for the guerrilla unit.

Founding an anti-Japanese guerrilla unit as a standing revolutionary army was a pressing basic question arising out of the anti-Japanese national liberation struggle of the Korean people. It was only the organized armed struggle of the standing revolutionary army that enabled the national liberation struggle of the Korean people against the Japanese imperialist aggressors armed to the teeth and the reactionary ruling circles in collusion with them to preserve, sustain and nurture its own revolutionary forces against the scoundrels' atrocities of massacre and win the final victory of national liberation.

At the Mingyuehkou conference the great leader taught that the anti-Japanese guerrilla unit to be formed--basically different from the nationalist armed unit, uibyongdae [Yi dynasty royal troops disbanded by the Japanese] and the independence army championing Korean independence in earlier days-must be a true people's army consisting of the outstanding sons and daughters of workers and peasants, a true revolutionary army thoroughly armed with the immortal chuche ideology and fighting for the liberation of the fatherland and the freedom and emancipation of the people.

The teachings of the great leader on founding the anti-Japanese guerrilla unit as a standing army are a most valid line elucidating the basic question of colonial national liberation struggle, a unique line on achieving national independence and liberation with one's own strength.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught that in order to launch armed struggle in the form of guerrilla warfare, not only a guerrilla unit but also a revolutionary base must be created.

No revolutionary movement can be victorious without its reliable base.

As the great leader taught, only when backed by its base is it possible for the armed unit even while encircled by the powerful enemy to constantly expand and strengthen itself, to sustain guerrilla warfare over a long period of time, also to protect the revolutionary masses from the enemy's indiscriminate massacre.

In particular, under conditions in which the armed struggle was launched with no national rear, no outside aid, it was a vital requirement to have its own solid rear base. Also, only wity a revolutionary base was it possible, while carrying on the armed struggle, to keep developing the overall revolutionary movement including the work of preparing for the founding of a communist party and to precisely lead the revolutionary struggle in various forms of the heightened masses of people in line with the unitary, unified anti-Japanese struggle.

Under conditions in which the armed struggle was launched in the form of guerrilla warfare, creation of a revolutionary base presented itself indeed as a vital quesiton in strengthening and developing the anti-Japanese armed struggle and in securing victory for the overall Korean revolution.

On the basis of then existing revolutionary situation and the demands of the law of armed struggle the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught that the guerrilla base to be built must be a stronghold for the anti-Japanese armed struggle, a rear base, a center of operations for the expansion and development of the overall Korean revolution, a bastion for the revolution.

The guerrilla building line laid down by the great leader was a most valid line—in view of the circumstances attending the armed struggle at the time which had to be launched under the unfavorable conditions in which there were neither national rear nor military or political aid—which made it possible to expand and develop the national liberation movement of our people centered in the anti-Japanese armed struggle by building a strong bulwark of revolution only relying on the strength of the masses of people.

Also, in order to launch armed struggle in the form of guerrilla warfare the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught that a broad mass base must be solidly organized.

Essentially, guerrilla warfare is people's war which presupposes the positive participation of people. The positive participation, support and aid of the masses of people constitute the basic condition for ceaselessly expanding and strengthening the guerrilla unit and guaranteeing the victory of the guerrilla war.

An armed struggle without a revolutionary mass base cannot be victorious; neither can the armed ranks themselves be constantly expanded and strengthened.

The great leader taught that a revolutionary mass viewpoint be established and kindred ties with people strengthened in organizing chuche-oriented revolutionary forces and solidly paving a mass base for the armed struggle.

At the historic Mingyuehkou conference the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught that in order to isolate and weaken the enemy to the utmost and to deal strong blows to the enemy, it was imperative to strengthen militant unity with the revolutionary peoples typified by communists of neighbor states and form a united front with all anti-Japanese forces including their nationalist armed units, anti-Japanese units.

Too, the great leader taught that in order to carry out the strategic line and tasks on organizing and launching the anti-Japanese armed struggle it was essential to put great efforts into expanding party organizations and communist youth league organizations and into strengthening their work.

Thus the Mingyuehkou lines laid down by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song were the most valid ones precisely reflecting then existing pressing revolutionary situation, the most revolutionary ones which made it possible to achieve fatherland restoration, vanquishing counterrevolution by revolutionary violence.

Moreover, these lines were thoroughly independent lines bent on solidly organizing chuche-oriented forces for the revolution and fighting revolution with own strength, the most unique lines illuminating anew the path to colonial national liberation struggle.

The Mingyuehkou conference line elucidated by the great leader, the antiimperialist armed struggle line, was an independent line through and through, starting from the doctrine of the chuche ideology, the struggle principle postulating that for the masses of colonial, oppressed peoples to rise against imperialist aggressors and fight is their sacred right, that national freedom and independence can be achieved only by the decisive struggle of the masses of people themselves.

The strategic line laid down by the great leader on organizing and launching the anti-Japanese armed struggle gave an infinite sense of gratitude and faith in fatherland restoration to all the oppressed, trampled Korean people, and energetically inspired them to struggle.

The revolutionary and unique Mingyuehkou lines laid down by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song became the guiding compass in the struggle to crush robber Japanese imperialism and achieve fatherland restoration.

The historic Mingyuehkou conference was a landmark event which made it possible to develop the national liberation struggle and communist movement of our people to a new higher level into the phase of anti-Japanese armed struggle and to achieve fatherland restoration.

At the Mingyuehkou conference the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song for the first time in history laid down the line on organizing and launching armed struggle in the form of guerrilla warfare, brightly illuminating the path ahead for the anti-Japanese national liberation struggle of our people.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"Organizing and launching armed struggle is the unitarily valid path to restoring the fatherland and liberating the nation from the colonial enslavement of Japanese imperialism." (Ibid., p 2)

It was only after the Mingyuehkou conference line was laid down that our people came to clearly understand to launch armed struggle in what form by what method and to form a joint front in what manner joining hands with whom on what kind of a mass base.

To our people who used to suffer failure after bitter failure in the preceding national liberation struggle only because of a lack of a precise struggle strategy and tactics, this was of unsurpassed value. Since early in our history our people had been fighting for national independence and social liberation against foreign aggressors; and in the 1920's the broad masses of people typified by workers and peasants vigorously launched into the anti-Japanese movement. But for all the blood it shed every struggle failed only because all lacked precise struggle ways and means, strategy and tactics, unity of revolutionary forces. After a series of such biting lessons of blood our people came to find the most correct struggle path in the Mingyuehkou conference line, the torch of the armed struggle which clearly illuminated even the struggle form and method; and the national liberation struggle and the communist movement of our country entered upon a new higher phase.

Under the sagacious leadership of the great leader was founded on 25 April 1932 in accordance with the Mingyuehkou conference line the anti-Japanese guerrilla unit, the leading force of the Korean revolution and a guerrilla base established in the vast expanse of the northern border of our country; thus the Korean revolution came to energetically develop based on armed struggle, the highest form of national liberation struggle.

It was indeed in the dark period when the Korean nation stood at the cross-roads of life and death, in the period of great trials when every prior struggle in a variety of form failed inevitably because of its inherent limitations that the anti-Japanese armed struggle line laid down by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song inspired our people to rise in the war of anti-Japanese resistance, to heroically fight and to display the glory of our nation before the whole world.

The great leader, with the banner of armed struggle held high, vanquished Japanese imperialism, organizing and leading our people to victory and at last brilliantly achieved the historic cause for fatherland restoration.

The strategic and tactical line elucidated by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song at the Mingyuehkou conference was a banner of struggle brightly illuminating the path ahead not only for the Korean revolution but also for the national liberation struggle of other fighting peoples of colonial countries.

The genius elucidation of the strategic and tactical line on the anti-Japanese armed struggle by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song at the Mingyuehkou conference gave the scientific answers to the basic stand and the struggle means which the peoples of colonial enslaved countries must hold fast to their anti-imperialist national liberation struggle.

At the time, when the revolutionary struggle on a worldwide scale, in particular the colonial national liberation movement was growing ever more, elucidation of a most precise strategy and tactics for the revolutionary struggle of the peoples of colonial enslaved countries still remained an urgent question.

Up to that time the prevailing contention was that in order for a colonial enslaved country to be victorious in its national liberation movement it must strengthen its militant solidarity with the working class of its suzerain state; there were absolutely no concrete ways and means extant for a colonial country to bring its national liberation struggle to a successful conclusion on its own.

Most important to elucidating the theory, strategy and tactics on colonial national liberation revolution was this question: what are the ways and means for communists and the masses of people to successfully strike and destroy imperialist aggressors and achieve their own liberation?

Necessarily, this was a question that could be solved only if a scientific guiding ideology along with the form, strategy and tactics of struggle were elucidated most precisely reflecting the demands of the times and the socio-historical conditions of colonial countries.

At the Mingyuehkou conference the great leader clearly illuminated the concrete ways and means of national liberation for colonial oppressed peoples by defining that the leading feature of a national liberation movement is organized armed struggle by a standing army primarily in the form of guerrilla warfare.

The historical experience in the anti-Japanese armed struggle clearly showed that no aggressors would meekly give up their ruling power in the absence of the revolutionary struggle of a colonial people; consequently only by revolutionary violence, organized armed struggle, would it be possible for them to drive out the imperialist aggressors and take back their robbed national sovereign rights.

In addition, the Mingyuehkou conference line laid down by the great leader enriched anew the revolutionary theory of the working class by uniquely elucidating the position of guerrilla warfare as a form of armed struggle in revolutionary war.

Of course in bygone days the question of guerrilla warfare arose in the revolutionary struggle of the working class. But merely as a form of armed activities mounted in preparation for mass armed struggle, it had been regarded as a supplementary means which by itself could not achieve the goal of the revolutionary struggle.

Thus regarded as secondary, it had never been elucidated, guerrilla warfare was a unique form of struggle which could be employed even under conditions in which there was no regular war, more particularly as the main form of colonial national liberation struggle.

Elucidation of the unique ideas of the great leader about guerrilla warfare threw out the outmoded concept of regarding guerrilla warfare as a supplementary means of regular warfare, as military activities in between major battles, as behind-the-enemy-line operations only in combination with regular warfare, as a temporary form of battle employed under conditions in which there is national support or home front in the rear; it defined guerrilla warfare anew as the basic form of armed struggle which in turn is the leading form of the anti-imperialist revolutionary struggle being waged in colonial countries. This has been of major import in the development of colonial national liberation struggle centered in armed struggle.

The leading form of anti-imperialist national liberation movement and the basic form of armed struggle thus defined by the Mingyuehkou conference line, effective ways and basic means of colonial national liberation struggle were elucidated for the first time in history.

Indeed, the strategic and tactical lines the great leader Comrade Kim Ilsong laid down at the Mingyuehkou conference on organizing and launching the anti-Japanese armed struggle were the struggle banner which brightly illuminated for colonial oppressed peoples the path of revolution to achieving national independence successfully destroying the counterrevolutionary armed forces of imperialist aggressors, an encyclopedia that developed anew the revolutionary theory, strategy and tactics of the working class on anti-imperialist armed struggle.

Truely, the historic Mingyuehkou conference line is a genius line faith-fully embodying the demands of the times when the exploited, oppressed masses of people have vigorously with dynamic force launched into the struggle against foreign aggressive forces and oppressors to win national independence and national sovereignty, also the great chuche ideology postulating that in social development it is the masses of people who are the masters of everything, who resolve everything.

The historic Mingyuehkou conference, because of the validity and tremendous importance of the strategic and tactical line on armed struggle laid down by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, constitutes a historic event in anti-imperialist national liberation struggle which proclaimed the anti-Japanese armed struggle in our country and opened a new phase in the Korean revolution.

By fighting on holding aloft the banner of anti-imperialist national liberation struggle illuminated by the great leader at the Mingyuehkou conference, the Korean revolution at last ushered in the dawn of fatherland liberation.

The historic travels of victory of the anti-Japanese armed struggle demonstrated to the hilt the validity and great vitality of the line laid down by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song at the Mingyuehkou conference.

The anti-Japanese armed struggle organized and led by the great leader incontrovertibly proved that in anti-imperialist national liberation struggle, organized armed struggle alone represents the unitarily valid path to winning the final victory, striking and destroying counterrevolutionary forces.

The everlasting revolutionary banner of the Mingyuehkou conference still continues even today to provide our people and fighting revolutionary peoples of the world with priceless struggle experiences and invaluable achievements, energetically inspiring them to struggle.

Today our people, brilliantly carrying on the revolutionary cause of the anti-Japanese armed struggle championed by the great leader and following the leadership of the glorious Party Center, are moving forward with dynamic force toward conversion of the whole society to the chuche ideology.

By deeply studying the glory-filled revolutionary career of the great leader who organized and led the heroic anti-Japanese armed struggle to ringing victory and by thoroughly arming ourselves with the unitary ideology of the party as we commemorate the 45th anniversary of the historic Mingyuehkou conference, we must further advance the victory of the chuche cause charted by the great leader.

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MOUNTING OFFENSIVES WITH A TIGHT GRIP ON THE INITIATIVE IS THE INVARIABLE PRINCIPLE OUR PARTY HOLDS FAST TO IN THE REVOLUTIONARY STRUGGLE AND CONSTRUCTION TASKS

Pyongyang KULLOJA in Korean Dec 76 pp 23-29

[Article by Yi Myong-chin]

[Text] The great ideo-theoretician, genius of the revolution, the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song has been steadfastly leading our revolution along the one road of victory holding fast to the strategic principle of mounting offensives always with a tight grip on the initiative.

The history of the revolutionary struggle of our people is a prideful struggle history of the great leader who has been winning victory forcing the enemy into the defensive by the revolutionary strategy of mounting offensives tightly grasping the initiative, an everlasting history etched with consummate leadership art in leading the revolutionary struggle and construction tasks toward a ceaseless new upsurge meeting barriers head-on.

It is due to the sagacious leadership of the great leader that our party and people have been able to build a socialist power of sovereignty, self-support and self-defense in this land, energetically pushing forward our revolution laden with arduousness and complexity and that our party and people are racing forward with gale force toward the bright future of socialism and communism, kicking aside barrier after barrier and trial after trial.

The history of the arduous and complex Korean revolution eloquently shows throughout its course that mounting offensives with a tight grip on the initiative represents an outstanding strategy firmly guaranteeing victory of the revolution.

Loyally upholding the invariable revolutionary strategy of the great leader of revolution Comrade Kim Il-song for mounting offensives with a tight grip on the initiative, and following the guidance of the glorious Party Center we shall energetically accelerate the historic march toward conversion of the whole society to the chuche ideology, fighting on with even greater dynamic force.

Winning victory by mounting offensives with a tight grip on the initiative is an outstanding strategic principle which the great leader Comrade Kim Ilsong has been invariably holding fast to from the first day he set out on the road to revolution.

Mounting offensives tightly grasping the initiative: this means, always firmly from the chuche stand, actively removing every bottleneck and barrier lying in the way of the revolutionary struggle and construction tasks, scoring victory in every instance. Tackling a barrier head-on instead of throwing in the sponge and turning the tables to create a new victorious situation is where the intrinsic revolutionary character of this strategy is.

Mounting offensives with a tight grip on the initiative is the revolutionary and positive struggle principle for energetically pushing forward the overall revolutionary struggle and construction tasks by actively scoring a breakthrough in the revolution, believing in the strength of the masses of people and setting their strength and wisdom in motion.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"Victory comes not by itself; it has to be won by struggle against difficulties and bottlenecks of every description. We must struggle mercilessly against defeatists who tremble in the face of barriers, throw in the sponge, lose heart instead of fighting barriers afraid of nothing and scoring a breakthrough."

Mounting offensives tightly grasping the initiative is the most revolutionary and positive struggle strategy reflecting the inevitable demand of the revolutionary struggle.

As the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught, revolution is an arduous task essentially accompanied by difficult and complex struggle.

Social revolution is not something that can be accomplished handily like traveling along a big road in broad daylight nor like a smooth sailing ship with no hitch. Standing in the way of revolution can be formidable brambles, turns and twists, even temporary failures and sacrifices in some part. If we were to throw in the sponge in the face of barriers afraid of sacrifice, then we could not achieve victory in revolution.

The struggle of the working class to seize the reins of government and carry out socialist and communist construction is also an arduous and complex one. The struggle for socialist and communist construction represents a tremendous task to create the new, eliminating from all spheres of the society every outdated legacy bequeathed by the exploiting society; this is a task that can be victorious only by sharp class struggle.

Mounting offensives with a tight grip on the initiative constitutes part of the pressing basic question of leadership art because of such arduousness and complexity of the revolutionary struggle and construction tasks.

Only when a party of the working class moves forward meeting barriers headon with a tight grip on the initiative invariably on the basis of correct
judgment of prevailing revolutionary situation and scientific calculation
of the balance of power between the enemy and ourselves can it be victorious
in the arduous and complex revolutionary struggle. If, just because revolution is arduous and complex, one waited for favorable circumstances and
conditions to happen and failed to lay down a positive struggle line and
resolutely fight meeting barriers head-on, then one would not be able to
build up revolutionary forces nor to energetically move revolution forward.

Therefore, for a party of the working class to meet barriers head-on invariably with the revolutionary strategy of mounting offensives with a tight grip on the initiative whether in struggle against the enemy or in struggle for the transformation of nature and society is an important question arising in acquitting itself fully of its historical duties.

Mounting offensives tightly grasping the initiative was a demand of the unprecedentedly arduous and complex Korean revolution, a firm guarantee for its victory.

The Korean revolution, it may be said, is one that has been charting a path of victory clearing most formidable brambles.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"Our revolution has been, and is, walking along a very complex and arduous path." ("Answers to Questions Posed by Foreign Journalists," p 314)

Aimed at realizing national and class liberation and building a new society under the historical conditions of peculiar socio-economic relationships of a colonial, semi-feudalistic society, the Korean revolution is one that has been traveling a path never before trod by anyone, a difficult and complex struggle.

The enemy of our people was the Japanese imperialist aggressive forces, the most atrocious military and feudalistic imperialism, the Asia shock brigade of international reaction. Our people were compelled to fight robber Japanese imperialism armed to the teeth, under conditions in which they had nothing but their empty hands, forced to a colonial status under Japanese imperialism.

The Korean revolution had the arduous and complex struggle to carry out the national liberation task aimed at overturning the Japanese imperialist colonial rule and restoring the fatherland and at the same time, to fulfill the task of anti-feudalistic democratic revolution for liquidating the feudalistic relationships and opening the road to democratic development of the country.

At the time, in our country the nationalist movement and the early communist movement were going through failures and turns and twists as the upper echelons were loaded with flunkeys and factional elements wrapped up in factional strife and many barriers lay in the path ahead for the Korean revolution.

In order for the Korean revolution faced with such arduousness and complexity to victoriously move forward, it had to be guided by a precise guiding ideology for the revolution along with an outstanding leadership art to meet barriers head-on with a tight grip on the initiative. To have or not to have a revolutionary and positive struggle strategy, that is, a strategy capable of protecting the revolution from the crisis, meeting barriers head-on was the key question influencing the fate of the Korean revolution, a vital question determining the life and death of the nation.

The revolutionary struggle strategy of meeting barriers head-on with a tight grip on the initiative was also a pressing requirement for the successful post-liberation development of our revolution.

The post-liberation revolutionary struggle of our people ran into a serious barrier arising out of the occupation of South Korea by U.S. imperialism.

The U.S. imperialists, becoming the head of world reaction following World War II, occupied South Korea and frenziedly pursued their colonial enslavement policy for turning it into their colony, into their military base for aggression against Asia. The Korean people, in direct confrontation with the head of world reaction, the U.S. imperialist aggressors, had to carry out the anti-imperialist, anti-feudalistic revolution and socialist revolution and build a new society.

The imperialists headed by U.S. imperialism went berserk in their attempt to obliterate our revolution; class enemies of all kinds and opportunists of all shades obstructed our forward movement. On top of them, the historical backwardness and impoverishment bequeathed by the exploiting society and the savage destruction inflicted by Japanese imperialism and U.S. imperialism rendered our revolution even more complex and arduous.

The great leader Comrade Kim II-song, with his keen insight into such arduousness and complexity of our revolution, has been invariably holding fast to the consummate strategy of mounting offensives with a tight grip on the initiative, thus leading the Korean revolution to a ceaseless new upsurge.

Early setting out on the road to revolution shouldering the fate of the Korean revolution, the destinies of the fatherland and the people, the great leader Comrade Kim II-song brightly illuminated the path ahead for national liberation, brilliantly realized fatherland restoration, ushered in a new era of socialism and communism in our country, breaking through barrier after barrier, trial after trial, thus leading our people to watershed transformations and unending happiness.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim I1-song is the great ideotheoretician who has founded the immortal chuche ideology which takes the highest, shining place in the ideological history of mankind; he is the great strategist of revolution, ever victorious iron-willed commander, genius of creation and construction who, molding shining models of revolution and construction, has compiled priceless achievements which will take their shining places of permanence in the history of the revolutionary struggle of the working class, in the history of human liberation struggle.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim II-song is the great leader of revolution possessed of genius wisdom and immutable revolutionary principle, indomitable will, the extraordinary power of revolutionary development capable of ceaselessly pushing forward revolution surmounting whatever barriers and trials, a head for details in closely analyzing all objects and phenomena, keen insight and uncommon leadership in seeing through whatever complex circumstances and situations to the core and unerringly moving ahead.

The personification of the great thought and theory, the consummate leader-ship art, the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song has been achieving ceaseless victory holding fast to the revolutionary strategy of mounting offensives with a tight grip on the initiative at all times in leading the unprecedentedly arduous and complex revolutionary struggle and construction tasks.

Mounting offensives tightly grasping the initiative is the revolutionary strategy the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song has been invariably holding fast to throughout his leadership over the revolutionary struggle and construction tasks.

The consummate strategy of meeting barriers head-on with a tight grip on the initiative to which the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song holds fast is a powerful revolutionary strategy starting from his lofty sense of responsibility for the Korean revolution and the revolutionary cause of the working class, from his noble revolutionary spirit of self-reliance determined to carry out our revolution to the end with the strength of our own people.

Arduous and complex as it is, our revolution has been able to energetically move forward along the one road of victory because the respected and beloved leader always devotes all his thought and energy to the interests of the Korean revolution and the revolutionary cause of the working class, uses himself as a shield against whatever barriers and trials, grasps the nub out of the complex focusing effort thereon and seizes the activeness.

The strategy of meeting barriers head-on tightly grasping the initiative cannot be achieved nor embodied in practice without the revolutionary stand of holding oneself responsible for surmounting all barriers and trials with one's own strength, without the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance.

Also, the revolutionary strategy of the great leader for mounting offensives with a tight grip on the initiative is an outstanding strategy based on firm belief in the strength of the masses of people.

Only when relying on the strength of the masses of people can the leader-ship art of a party of the working class become effective and realistic and demonstrate its vitality in revolutionary practice. Only when believing in the strength of the masses and energetically moving them will it be possible to successfully solve whatever difficult and complex questions may arise out of revolution and construction.

Because it thus embodies the immortal chuche ideology and the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance the consummate revolutionary strategy of the great leader for mounting offensives with a tight grip on the initiative is becoming a powerful weapon for pushing foward with dynamic force the arduous and complex revolutionary struggle and construction tasks, demonstrating its invincible might in our revolutionary practice.

By invariably holding fast to the outstanding strategic principle of mounting offensives with a tight grip on the initiative, possessed of the great thought and theory, the consummate leadership all together, the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song has been leading our revolution to ringing victory.

The great leader, invariably holding fast to the outstanding strategic principle of mounting offensives with a tight grip on the initiative, has been brilliantly embodying it in all areas of revolution and construction such as the tremendous economic construction struggle, the struggle to achieve the politico-ideological unification and unity of the revolutionary ranks, not to mention the struggle against the class enemies and opportunists of all shades within and without.

The consummate leadership art tightly held by the great leader was brilliantly embodied above all in the hostilities against the imperialist aggressors and its model created.

The course of the anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle personally organized and led by the great leader was one of glorious struggle in scoring victory by meeting barriers head-on with a tight grip on the initiative at all times.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song, commenting on the guerrilla warfare tactics and experiences during the hard-fought anti-Japanese armed struggle, gave instructions, the gist of which follows:

During this period we learned major strategic and tactical methods and experiences in turning the strong enemy into a weakling and our army strong. In order to turn a strong man into a weakling it was necessary first of all

to seize the initiative of the war from the enemy and to proceed to act rather than react. Without this it would not have been possible for us to either become a strong man from a weakling or to insure victory in combat [end paraphrase].

Throughout the hard-fought anti-Japanese armed struggle the great leader sought out or created weak points of the enemy, ably applied his consummate strategic line on mounting offensives with a tight grip on the initiative at all times and dealt annihilating blows to Japanese imperialism.

The well-known defensive battle for the Hsiaowangch'ing(?) [Sowangch'ong] guerrilla base, the strategic and tactical line on actively dismantling the guerrilla base-liberated area and moving into a plains area for mounting a positive offensive, and the "hardship march" and the large unit wheel operations—all these represented outstanding operations and strategic line which made it possible to win resounding victories, opening up a new situation.

Too, in each strategic phase and battle of the formidable Fatherland Liberation War against the armed invasion of U.S. imperialism the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song held fast to the strategic principle of mounting attacks with a tight grip on the initiative and won the ringing victory, dealing annihiliating blows to the enemy.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"The war forced upon us by U.S. imperialism and its lackeys was the gravest trial for our party and people." ("Kim Il-song Selected Works," Vol 4, 2d impression, p 288)

The surprise armed invasion of the U.S. imperialist aggressors confronted our people with a severe trial, the eyes and ears of world progressive peoples were focused on Korea under fire and many peoples were concerned about the outcome of the war.

Possessed of genius martial art and consummate leadership, the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song used himself as a shield against the severe trial confronting our fatherland and people; and brilliantly embodying the strategic principle of mounting attacks with a tight grip on the initiative at all times, he drove the enemies into an inextricable predicament and forced them to bite the dust.

Breaking the surprise attacks of the enemies and swiftly moving to mount counterattacks throughout the front keeping up continuous offensive operations allowing no breathing spells to the enemies, correctly selecting the direction of major blows along with organic cooperation among various service branches, intensively utilizing artillery fire in mountainous areas together with strengthened mobile artillery fire, organizing a second front in combination with the main front and great encirclement operations,

building field positions coupled with tunnels and organizing defensive battles based thereon: such outstanding military strategic line and unique war techniques of the great leader were a brilliant embodiment, a vivid example of the great leadership art for winning victory by mounting attacks with a tight grip on the initiative.

Crushing the stirrings of anti-party, counterrevolutionary factional elements and opportunists of all shades within the party, the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song mounted attacks tightly grasping the initiative at all times in achieving the unification and unity of the entire party and all the people, thus setting a brilliant example of thus winning victory.

During the formidable Fatherland Liberation War, seeing through the vicious plot being hatched by anti-party counterrevolutionary elements to fragment the party ranks and overthrow the party and government taking advantage of the severe trials of war the party was going through, the great leader resolutely exposed and crushed the plot, organizationally and ideologically strengthened the party through partywide struggle, further enhanced party leadership and extraordinarily reinforced our revolutionary forces amid the flames of war.

Outside, winds of opportunism were blowing and the imperialists and reactionaries were going berserk in stepping up their "anti-communist" racket and reactionary offensive; inside, the anti-party counterrevolutionary factional elements, getting a ride on the coattails of outside forces, came out to challenge the party, in addition to which the state of economic affairs was very difficult. Even during the postwar period of such severe trials the respected and beloved leader, relying on the strength of our working class and the masses of people, met the barriers head-on and energetically moved the revolution forward, crushing the machinations of the enemies within and without. The great leader arranged for strongly mounting partywide ideological struggle to beat the factions and all-people political struggle to blow the counterrevolutionary machinations of the enemies to smithereens, on the one hand and directed to bring about a great revolutionary upswing on all fronts by concentrating the heightened revolutionary fervor of the masses on socialist economic construction; thus he made it possible to unite the masses around the party more solidly than at any time. manner all the barriers in the way of revolution were removed in one sweep, the misfortune was turned into a blessing, a new turn was brought about in the situation of revolution and construction, and a new era was ushered in, an era of Chollima galloping making time.

Too, when the anti-party counterrevolutionary elements, elements of the bourgeoisie and revisionism who had been hiding behind the party, came out of hiding, as socialist construction further deepened and situations at home and abroad became complex, to perpetrate their vicious machinations to spread unwholesome ideological matter of poison within the party and paralyze the combat strength of the party and block the forward movement of the revolution, the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song met

the barriers head-on and took timely action to expose and crush them, sagaciously leading the energetic partywide struggle to uproot the ideological dregs of poison. Thus the unification and unity of the entire party in ideological will was achieved based on the chuche ideology system and our revolutionary ranks were further consolidated like bedrock.

Under the sagacious leadership of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song our party, precisely combining together the class line and the mass line, thoroughly isolated the small minority of vicious reactionary elements and solidly united the absolute majority of the masses of people around the party, thus actively crushing the sinister design of U.S. imperialism to cause fragmentation and discord among the nation and continuing to solidly consolidate our revolutionary forces.

Taking offensive action with a tight grip on the initiative represents the strategic principle our party has been invariably holding fast to in economic construction.

In the very difficult postwar period when it was difficult to decide where to build what in the face of such utter destruction that not one brick remained intact, the great leader laid down his unique basic line on economic construction and energetically inspired the entire party and people to actively remove all barriers and trials, making it possible within the shortest span of time to rehabilitate the ruined economy and erect cities and villages throughout the country more beautifully and magnificently.

Laying down the militant slogans "iron and machine are the king of industry!" and "every effort toward expanding irrigated fields to 1 million chongbo!" before the historic September 1958 plenary meeting of the Party Central Committee, the great leader energetically organized and mobilized the entire party and people, bringing about a revolutionary upswing in socialist construction and a new turnaround for the Chollima movement.

With the September plenary meeting line energetically carried out, agrarian irrigation was comprehensively realized. As a result, it was possible to more energetically display the might of the cooperatives and increase agricultural production by leaps and bounds. Meanwhile, as iron and machine gushed out, a breakthrough was scored for the Five-Year Plan and a productive upsurge was brought about in all branches.

The revolutionary line uniquely laid down by the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song on simultaneously pushing forward economic construction and national defense construction vividly shows the genius leadership art of the great leader who energetically pushes forward revolution and construction, actively coping with the complex and tense situation created.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"In the light of the situation created we must simultaneously push forward economic construction and national defense construction still better thus consolidating national defense strength airtight while with our own strength further cementing the economic foundations of the country and even more improving the standard of living for the people." ("Kim II-song Selected Works," Vol 5, 2d impression, pp 65-66)

The great leader, with his keen insight into the intensifying machinations of the U.S. imperialists for aggression and the complex situation created within the international communist movement, laid down the new revolutionary line on simultaneously pushing forward economic construction and national defense construction; and with his sagacious leadership he made it possible with our own strength to impregnably consolidate national defense strength and more solidly cement the economic foundations of the country. Only because under the sagacious leadership of the great leader this active and revolutionary line was energetically carried through was it possible for our people to stay calm in the face of the serious situation when the U.S. imperialist aggressors intimidated the northern half of the republic by deploying large armed forces to the doorsteps of our country following the incidents of the armed spy ship "Pueblo" and heavy-duty spy plant "EC-121" and to hold fast to the resolute stand to answer "retaliation" by retaliation, an all-out war by an all-out war, thus bringing them to their knees before our people.

The greatness of the consummate leadership art of the respected and beloved leader who scores victory by mounting offensives invariably with a tight grip on the initiative can be seen vividly in the five-point nature remaking line laid down at the recent October plenary meeting of the Party Central Committee.

The great leader, with his keen insight into the demands for the development of agriculture of our country which has entered upon a new higher phase and into the effects of the cold front sweeping across the world, laid down the five-point nature remaking line and energetically inspired the entire party, the whole country and all the people to carry it out, thus making it possible to satisfactorily meet the growing demands for agricultural products by continuing to bring about leaps forward in agricultural production actively overcoming whatever inclement natural weather conditions.

The outstanding strategic principle of scoring victory by mounting offensives with a tight grip on the initiative is being brilliantly carried on and admirably embodied today in the revolutionary leadership of our glorious Party Center.

Our party, laying down the most precise line and struggle slogans in keeping with the realistic demands for conversion of the whole society to the chuche ideology, is ceaselessly scoring new victories in revolution and construction.

When we were approaching to turn the corner in occupying ahead of schedule the towering heights of the Six-Year Plan, our Party Center deeply analyzed the state of overall economic task and based thereon, boldly decided to mount the "70-day battle." In this battle the Party Center energetically organized an all-party, all-country, all-people mobilization and fueled the fire of speed battle into flames sweeping across the country with greater dynamic force, thus making it possible to successfully fulfill ahead of schedule the awe-inspiring quotas of the vast Six-Year Plan and to more solidly pave the foundations to secure victory for socialist grand construction.

Indeed the glorious history of our party and people who have come through victoriously overcoming formidable barriers and trials is the prideful history of the great leader who, invariably holding fast to the strategic principle of mounting offensives with a tight grip on the initiative, has brilliantly carried it through.

The strategy, which the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song has been invariably holding fast to for mounting offensives with a tight grip on the initiative, is an ever-victorious outstanding strategy, the validity and vitality of which have been fully tested and proven in the revolutionary struggle and construction tasks of our people over a long period of time.

As they look back on the glory-filled one road of victory they have traveled clearing brambles under the sagacious leadership of the great leader and the glorious party, our people are holding ever more dearly to their hearts their boundless self-esteem and pride for fighting revolution loyally attending the respected and beloved leader possessed of genius thought and genius leadership and following the guidance of the party; and they are moving forward with dynamic force toward the ultimate victory of the chuche revolutionary cause.

We must positively strive to deeply master genius leadership art of the great leader, the victorious strategic principle of meeting barriers head-on invariably with a tight grip on the initiative and to thoroughly embody it in our revolutionary practice.

We must, with the red banners of the three revolutions—ideological, technical and cultural—held high, energetically launch the campaign for capturing the red flag of the three revolutions and brilliantly embody in all areas of revolution and construction the strategic principle of mounting offensives invariably with a tight grip on the initiative so as to bring about ceaseless leaps forward and innovations.

To our people energetically moving forward following the sagacious leadership of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song and the revolutionary guidance of the glorious party there cannot be any fortress which cannot be occupied; there will be only victory and glory.

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ESTABLISHING REVOLUTIONARY DISCIPLINE IS AN INTRINSIC DEMAND OF A SOCIALIST SOCIETY

Pyongyang KULLOJA in Korean Dec 76 pp 30-35

[Article by Yi Su-hyon]

[Text] Today, our country has been transformed into a harmonious big family of one political force solidly united around the great leader of the entire people, Comrade Kim Il-song. Within this big family our people are working overflowing with revolutionary fervor and optimism and living such a happy life that there is no need to envy anyone anything in the world.

The socialist system of our country in which the entire people are working and living with revolutionary fervor in politico-ideological unification demonstrates its invincible vitality all the more because the system moves under self-awakened revolutionary discipline.

Establishing self-awakened revolutionary discipline is one of the basic requirements in moving, consolidating and developing a highly organized socialist society.

It behooves all party members and workers to further consolidate and develop the socialist system of our country—the most superior system in the world which the great leader has provided for us—by solidly establishing and consciously observing revolutionary discipline in accordance with the intrinsic demand of a socialist society.

The respected and beloved leader of our party and people, Comrade Kim Il-song, taught us to thoroughly establish revolutionary discipline in keeping with the inherent character of a socialist system.

The great leader Comrade Kim II-song taught as follows:

"In a socialist society there must of necessity be such order and rules and regulations in force as to regulate and control all tasks and activities of all people; and if there exists a gap, no matter how small it may be, it is possible that the order of the society will collapse." ("On the Question of Socialist Economic Management," Vol 3, p 532)

Establishing self-awakened, revolutionary discipline is an important and indispensable requirement flowing from the inherent character of a socialist society.

Essentially, a socialist society is a highly organized one.

In a socialist society the masses of working people are one and all socialist workers liberated from exploitation and oppression who work and live collectively solidly united in attaining the common goal.

In a socialist society, to the masses of people belongs everything which is preserved, controlled, operated and developed by the collective wisdom and united effort of the masses of people. True masters of the society, the masses of people closely cooperate and strnegthen unity in camaraderie in all the spheres of production and social activities toward the common goal and ideal.

In a socialist society, all members of the society live affiliated with collectives and organizations. People in a socialist society participate in collective life from childhood; and as members of a political party or social organizations they conduct socio-political activities. In the process, they come to possess revolutionary organizational character and bring themselves up as true revolutionaries loyal to the revolutionary cause.

The masses of working people who have become the masters of means of production and the political ruling power of the state work and live collectively while closely cooperating with one another in camaraderie solidly combined politically. This is where the inherent characteristic of a socialist society is.

Such characteristic of a socialist society comes to call for self-awakened, revolutionary discipline which makes it possible for all members of the society all together to observe it and move in the same direction in an organized manner.

Only when abiding by revolutionary discipline will it be possible for a socialist society in keeping with its inherent characteristic to preserve itself, move, and further consolidate and develop itself.

Again, only when self-awakened discipline based on collectivism prevails will it be possible for the masses of working people under socialism to enjoy to their hearts' content a dignified, rewarding life along with genuine political rights and freedom.

If, in the name of securing "individual freedom" for the people, the road to liberalization is pursued, the society will be thrown into chaos and disorder, eventually rendering it impossible to preserve the socialist society.

In a socialist society not only do all people work and live collectively but also is the economy planned and organized to a high degree based on the societywide collective ownership of means of production. In a socialist society all branches, all units of the people's economy constitute an integrated body of a whole organically linked with one another by one common goal and relationship in interests. This indispensably requires organizational spirit and disciplinary character in economic activities.

Unless iron discipline is established over socialist economic management and operations it is impossible to insure close linkage of all economic branches and units with one another or the development and balance of the people's economy. Failure to insure close linkage of all branches and units of the economy along with strict observance of planning discipline and cooperative production discipline will collapse the balance of the people's economy, affecting in chain reaction the production activities of the other branches and units so linked and ultimately creating an enormous obstacle to the overall development.

Therefore, thoroughly establishing discipline represents an inherent demand of socialist economy, one of the basic conditions for the planned, balanced development of socialist economy. In particular, this becomes an even more pressing demand as the scope of economy grows in step with the acceleration of socialist construction and the relationships among economic branches become closer.

Thus the characteristic of a socialist society, a highly organized society, makes it an indispensable requirement to establish revolutionary discipline.

Establishing revolutionary discipline is also related to the transitional character of a socialist society.

To be sure, as the great leader taught, socialist society is the first phase of communist society; nonetheless, socialist society is distinct and separate from communist society. In order to move on to communism from socialism it is essential to turn all members of society into communist social beings through revolutionization and working classization, firmly establish one single communist ownership of means of production and further develop productive forces.

Even after the socialist system is established there still remain in this or that aspect of social life relics bequeathed by exploiting societies over a long historical period; and these relics constitute big obstacles to the forward movement toward communism.

First of all, in a socialist society dregs of outdated ideas still remain in the heads of people.

Such dregs of outdated ideas cause the growth of reactionary ideas in the heads of people, standing in the way of liberating the people from the constraint of outdated ideas and of arming them with the advanced thought of the working class, the communist ideology.

Under socialism, relics of outdated societies remain in the working life and economic life of people as well.

Even though liberated from exploitation and oppression, workers are yet to be freed from arduous, heavy labor while productive forces have not reached such a high level as commensurate with a socialist society. Also remaining are the distinctions between urban and rural areas, class distinctions between the working class and peasants, and the two forms of socialist ownership—all—people ownership and cooperative ownership.

Under socialism, in the domain of cultural life, too, there remain backward culture and outworn customs of life bequeathed by old societies.

All these urgently demand, in order to build communism, that revolutions be thoroughly carried out to do away with outdated relics in the domains of ideology, technology and culture, that revolutionary discipline be established throughout the society.

Only when revolutionary discipline is established will it be possible to allow no room for the resurrection of outdated ideas among workers, no foothold for any of the old assorted ideological demons. And only then will it be possible for all workers to discipline and standardize their work and life in accordance with the demands of the socialist standards and rules and regulations and to establish the revolutionary attitude of at all times working and living spiritedly with fervor full to overflowing, successfully overcoming the phenomena of passivity, conservatism, weariness, sloth and laxity.

When revolutionary discipline is established it will be also possible to successfully carry out the struggle aimed at eliminating all of the outdated and backward relics of exploiting societies from the domain of economic life as well.

So, thoroughly establishing revolutionary discipline is a basic demand essentially emanating from the inherent character of a socialist society.

Establishing revolutionary discipline assumes even greater importance in the light of the duties of our revolution having entered upon a new higher phase and of the situation created.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"Facing our party and people is the historic task, based on the prideful achievements already scored in revolution and construction, to win the complete victory of socialism and build communism." ("On the Occasion of the 30th Anniversary of the Founding of the Korean Workers Party," p 18)

Today, the revolution and construction of our country are on the threshold of a new higher turnaround period. Under the sagacious leadership of the great leader the three revolutions—ideological, technical and cultural—have been energetically carried out; and as a result, great changes have occurred in the mental and moral features of our workers and in the economic and cultural life of the country. Thanks to the Six-Year Plan which was fulfilled ahead schedule, socialist construction in our country has entered upon a new higher phase.

Before us we have the historic task to advance the complete victory of socialism by more energetically accelerating revolution and construction based on the achievements to date. In order to win the complete victory of socialism and build communism, we must bring up all members of the society as true chuche-oriented revolutionaries, turn our society into a single political force solidly united in one ideological will around the great leader and move forward in all aspects of social life as intended and wished by the great leader.

This sacred historic task can be admirably and fully carried out when all workers' level of ideological awareness is enhanced and the organizational spirit and disciplinary character highly promoted among them.

In particular, inasmuch as the struggle to win the complete victory of socialism is accompanied in the process by sharp class struggle, it demands revolutionary discipline.

Without the task to establish revolutionary discipline it will be impossible to realize politico-ideological unification of the revolutionary ranks with the timely smashing of resistance of hostile ideological currents of all descriptions; neither will it be possible to turn the whole society into a mono-axial organized body moving as one person under the unitary leader-ship of the great leader.

Thoroughly establishing genuine revolutionary discipline constitutes indeed one of the important guarantees for successfully meeting the demands of our revolution which has entered upon a new higher phase.

Today, our revolutionary struggle is being waged under difficult conditions in which the situation is being strained very much because of the increasingly blatant machinations of the U.S. imperialists to provoke another war.

At present the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys the Pak Chong-hui puppet gang are going berserk in perpetrating machinations to provoke war against the northern half of the republic, persistently pursuing aggression and division. Because of the scoundrels' reckless and desperate machinations a dangerous situation is being created in our country where war may break out at any moment.

Such being the situation, we must heighten revolutionary vigilance against every move of the scoundrels; all branches, all units must thoroughly establish a revolutionary system, order and discipline.

The enemies are lying in wait to seize upon our politico-ideological laxity or an absence of order and system. If we fail to sharpen revolutionary vigilance or to establish a system, order and discipline in all aspects of life of the state and society, it is possible the enemies will come at us at any moment. Neither will it be possible for us to solidly guard gains of the revolution.

Thus, establishing revolutionary discipline is an indispensable requirement arising out of energetically pushing forward conversion of the whole society to the chuche ideology, one of the basic conditions for solidly guarding, consolidating and developing the socialist system of our country.

Establishing iron revolutionary discipline represents an important and sacred task facing us today.

Only by thoroughly establishing self-awakened revolutionary discipline in keeping with the inherent demands of a socialist society is it possible to further consolidate and develop gains of the revolution compiled to date, that is, the socialist fatherland possessed of the political power of dictatorship of the proletariat, the socialist system and self-supporting national economy and to energetically push forward the sacred historic task to dye the whole society one color with the chuche ideology as well.

In order to establish revolutionary discipline in all aspects of life of the state and society it is imperative first of all to positively launch ideological indoctrination work among party members and workers.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"...by further raising the party members' level of political awareness we must make them consciously observe party discipline." ("Kim Il-song Selected Works," Vol 1, 2d impression, p 316)

Basically different from the discipline of an exploiting society, the iron discipline of our society is one based on heightened lofty awareness of all party members and workers.

In a capitalist society where the reins of government and means of production are held in the hands of the exploiting class, discipline is used by a minority of the privileged class for the purpose of strengthening its rule over the broad masses of people by ramming it down their throats. Consequently, in a capitalist society discipline is maintained by the stick, not by awareness.

On the contrary, in our society where the means of production and political ruling power of state belong to the entire masses of working people, discipline reflects the will and demands of workers, peasants, soldiers, working intellectuals; it is the most revolutionary discipline which thoroughly protects the interests of working people. Our rules and regulations, standards and discipline give genuine freedom and rights to the entire people in all aspects of life of the state and society, freedom and rights substantively insured and guaranteed.

Therefore, party members and workers regard it their own glory and duty to creditably observe discipline; and they observe it of their own volition.

Inasmuch as the revolutionary discipline of our country is thus based on the heightened awareness of workers, it indispensably requires that ideological indoctrination work be strengthened.

When ideological indoctrination work is strengthened among party members and workers, and their level of ideological consciousness is ceaselessly raised, it is possible to further promote among them a self-awakened attitude toward discipline.

Most important to ideological indoctrination work aimed at establishing revolutionary discipline is even more thoroughly arming all workers with the revolutionary thought of the great leader, the chuche ideology. The immortal chuche ideology is the ideo-theoretical cornerstone of our laws, our rules and regulations; it is the unitary guiding compass for all our tasks and life.

Inasmuch as all of our laws, our rules and regulations are based on the chuche ideology of the great leader and embody the teachings of the leader and policies of the party, unless party members and workers are thoroughly armed with the chuche ideology they cannot clearly understand the demands of the laws, rules and regulations nor can they work and live in accordance with the demands.

Only when all members of the society assimilate the chuche ideology of the great leader into their flesh and bones will it be possible for them to standardize their work and life in keeping with the inherent character of a socialist society based on collectivism, for the entire people to move in unison following the orders and directives of the leader.

Important at the same time to ideological indoctrination aimed at establishing revolutionary discipline is making workers correctly understand the objectives of establishing revolutionary discipline.

The objectives of establishing revolutionary discipline among party members and workers lie in insuring the victory of the chuche revolutionary cause charted by the leader, by politico-ideologically protecting and defending

the great leader and the glorious party, by guarding the socialist system and the revolutionary political ruling power and by remaking nature, society and social beings in accordance with the demands of the revolutionary thought of the great leader. Also, this is aimed at protecting the interests and rights of the people from enemy invasion and at insuring their independent and creative life to the maximum.

Therefore, only by driving home to all party members and workers our objectives of establishing revolutionary discipline is it possible to turn this task into the masses' own work for the discipline to prevail over the society as self-awakened revolutionary discipline.

To so formulate socialist laws, rules and regulations over all aspects of life of the state and society that all members of the society will standardize their work and life in accordance therewith: this is an important requirement arising out of establishing revolutionary discipline.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"...we must see to it that all people--whether working at state organs, at factories, enterprises and cooperative farms, or studying at schools--work and live in accordance with the laws, rules and regulations in force." ("Kim Il-song Selected Works," Vol 6, p 426)

If man were a being living by itself it might be all right for him to act as he pleased; but when many people live collectively and act organizationally it will not do for them to act as they please. In order for many people to live collectively and organizationally it is imperative that there necessarily be certain sets of standards and rules for action, that all people thoroughly observe them and standardize their work and life in accordance therewith. Only then will it be possible to achieve unity of people in action and insure collective discipline and order.

For our party organizations and workers organizations there is clearly elucidated organizational life standard which applies alike to all of their respective members. Within each organization all its members move as one person in accordance with this organizational life standard; and this is what makes it possible to thoroughly insure discipline and order.

We must see to it that, let alone the party and workers organizations, all sectors, all units of social life have this set of standards, rules and regulations, that they move in accordance with the demands. In particular, people's administrative organs, by working in accordance with the demands of the laws, rules and regulations, must enhance their functions and roles as organs of dictatorship of the proletariat. Meanwhile, economic organs, by strictly observing the people's economic plan discipline and cooperative production discipline, must firmly insure the overall people's economic development of the country.

Laws, rules and regulations are not unalterably fixed. Inasmuch as revolution ceaselessly develops to an ever higher level, laws, rules and regulations must be amended in accordance therewith.

If work is done under laws, rules and regulations lagging behind emerging realities, then it will not be able to serve the effort to establish revolutionary discipline; on the contrary, it will obstruct life by self-awakened revolutionary discipline in keeping with the inherent character of a socialist society.

Therefore, it is essential to reexamine all laws, rules and regulations in tune with developing revolution, amend or supplement them toward perfection so as to serve the effort to establish revolutionary discipline among workers. At the same time, where nonexistent there must be created new laws and rules and regulations for guiding performance of work toward perfecting socialist management laws and rules and regulations for all sectors of state tasks, in particular toward thoroughly establishing socialist order in economic tasks.

Also, in order to establish revolutionary discipline, it is imperative to strengthen control work along with ideological indoctrination among all party members and workers.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"...party organizations must struggle, putting it out front as one of the important tasks in ideological revolution to control all workers toward thoroughly observing the socialist laws and rules and regulations." (Ibid., p 429)

Strenghtening control work along with ideological indoctrination constitutes an important guarantee for insuring that workers work and live in accordance with the demands of the revolutionary laws and rules and regulations.

Control work is one of the energetic means to restrain the negative sides surfacing from among workers and at the same time, to further foster their awareness. In the course of receiving control people come to deeply reproach themselves for all erroneous phenomena they have manifested and to positively strive to prevent a recurrence of such phenomena.

Strengthening control work makes it possible, at the same time, to successfully uproot outdated ideological dregs from the heads of workers.

Today all the workers of our country are consciously and faithfully participating in collective and organizational life, standardizing their work and life in the process. In particular, taking to heart the militant slogan of the Party Center "production, study, and life--all in accordance with the anti-Japanese guerrilla style!" they are preparing themselves, in the

process of embodying the slogan in work and life, as genuine chucheoriented revolutionaries possessed of ideological, mental and moral features on the highest plane.

But there still remain old ideological dregs in the ideological consciousness of workers and outdated customs of life in all aspects of their social life, which stand in the way of establishing revolutionary discipline. Unless control work is strengthened along with ideological indoctrination work it is impossible to correctly establish revolutionary discipline.

When control work is strengthened it will be possible to take timely action to plug any gap giving way to the resurrection of old ideas, to allow no foothold for any of the assorted ideological demons.

Therefore, it behooves the party and state organs to put it out front as an important requirement of the work to control workers to creditably observe the socialist laws and rules and regulations, to positively struggle to realize the requirement.

Important to strengthening control to make all workers creditably observe the laws, rules and regulations and discipline is enhancing the functions of administrative and other organs of dictatorship of the proletariat.

Administrative and other organs of dictatorship of the proletariat hold it as one of their basic functions to control the entire workers to creditably observe the revolutionary order, rules and regulations and discipline. Consequently, the success or failure of workers to properly observe the order and rules and regulations hinges in large measure on the functions of functionaries of the branches concerned.

Functionaries of administrative and other organs of dictatorship of the proletariat must admirably discharge the responsibilities and duties assigned to them, holding dear to their hearts the glory as reliable political defenders of the party and revolution.

By thoroughly establishing self-awakened revolutionary discipline to prevail over the society, following the teachings of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, we shall even more solidly consolidate our society into invincible revolutionary rank and file firmly united in one ideological will around the great leader and ever more advance the complete victory of socialism and the historic cause for fatherland reunification.

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THE CHUCHE-ORIENTED ECONOMIC MANAGEMENT SYSTEM CREATED BY THE GREAT LEADER IS A POWERFUL WEAPON FOR SOCIALIST CONSTRUCTION

Pyongyang KULLOJA in Korean Dec 76 pp 36-42

[Article by Kang Kwang-ch'ol]

[Text] A period of 15 years has elapsed since genius of the revolution, the great ideo-theoretician, the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song created the chuche-oriented socialist economic management system.

During the period in our country under the sagacious leadership of the great leader has been thoroughly established for all branches of the people's economy a new chuche-oriented economic management system, its tremendous superiority and invincible might energetically displayed in socialist construction. By the full-scale implementation of the socialist economic management system we have been able to bring about a revolutionary turnaround in economic management, liquidating the dregs of capitalist economic management and to more energetically accelerate revolution and construction, heightening the political fervor and creative positively of workers.

Experience eloquently shows that the chuche-oriented economic management system created by the great leader is indeed the most superior economic management form that is in keeping with the inherent character of the socialist system; experience has energetically proven that when we move forward tightly grasping the system it is possible to bring about a cease-less upsurge in socialist construction.

Today when it faces us as a pressing demand to further improve economic management in keeping with the urgent requirements of socialist grand construction, it is the lofty duties of our entire functionaries and workers to highly enhance the might of the chuche-oriented economic management system, the glorious revolutionary task to acclerrate production and construction.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, by establishing a new economic management system brilliantly embodying the immortal chuche ideology, brightly illuminated the path to solving economic management questions in line with the inherent character of the socialist system and provided a powerful weapon for socialist construction.

To correctly solve economic questions in line with the inherent character of the socialist system: this is one of the key questions influencing the overall achievement of socialist construction, a major revolutionary task facing a party and state of the working class following the overthrow of the exploiting system.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"In order to promote the superiority of the socialist economic system to the full potential and successfully build socialism and communism after the socialist reorganization of production relations has been completed, we must ceaselessly keep improving guidance and management work for the people's economy." ("Kim Il-song Selected Works," Vol 5, 2d impression, pp 439-440)

The guidance and management work for the people's economy constitutes an indispensable condition for successfully carrying out societywide production; it constitutes an important part of the functions of a socialist state as economic organizer. Only when a party and state of the working class holding the reins of government keep correctly solving the economic management question in keeping with the inherent character of the socialist system will it be possible to successfully operate the socialist economy, one large-scale production organic body, and to develop productive forces at a ceaselessly high rate of speed, highly fostering the revolutionary fervor of the masses of producers and effectively utilizing all the resources and production potentialities of the country. Again, only then will it be possible to further consolidate and develop socialist production relations and to energetically accelerate overall socialist construction, rapidly doing away with the distinctions between the urban and rural areas, between the working class and peasants and effecting communist transformation of the mental and moral features of workers.

To keep correctly solving guidance and management questions for the people's economy in keeping with the inherent character of the socialist system: this was an urgent demand of the new environments created in our country following the socialist reorganization of production relations.

Thanks to the socialist reorganization brilliantly effected under the sagacious leadership of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, an advanced large-scale economic form came to unitarily prevail in our country. Along the broad road thrown open by the socialist production relations production has been developing at a high rate of speed and so have the revolutionary fervor and labor enthusiasm of workers been extraordinarily heightened.

But the guidance system and guidance method for the people's economy were not reorganized on time; also the capabilities and standards of functionaries lagged behind.

Unless these questions arising out of the new environments and fast emerging realities were solved it was no longer possible to push forward socialist economic construction at a higher rate of speed.

The great ideo-theoretician, genius of creation and construction, the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song, comprehensively seeing through the mature demands of developing revolution, created a new chuche-oriented economic management system, thus basically improving the guidance system and guidance method for the people's economy.

The respected and beloved leader, through his historic guidance at Ch'ongsan-ri in February 1960, embodied in the realities of socialist construction the revolutionary mass line in the tradition of our party, founded the great Ch'ongsan-ri spirit, the Ch'ongsan-ri method, which are the revolutionary and scientific thought and method on mass guidance, and generalized them in all branches, thus bringing about a great turnaround in the work of economic organs of the party and state.

In order to carry through the Ch'ongsan-ri spirit, Ch'ongsan-ri method still better in guidance and management of the people's economy, the great leader gave his on-the-spot guidance in December 1961 at Taean Electrical Works and in Sukch'on County; and it is here that he took his historic action to establish a chuche-oriented socialist economic management system the Taean Work System and a new agricultural guidance system.

The Taean Work System founded by the great leader is an admirable economic management system which makes it possible for economic organs and enterprises to conduct all management activities under the collective guidance of their respective party committees, to carry out revolutionary tasks at hand by giving priority to political work and setting the masses of producers in motion, for superiors to responsibly help subordinates, for all branches and all units to closely cooperate with each other, so as to scientifically and rationally manage and operate the economy. Creation of the Taean Work System brought about a new system for conducting economic management by relying on the broad working masses under guidance of the party, along with a solid guarantee for ceaselessly improving control and management work for the people's economy in keeping with the inherent character of the socialist system.

The new agricultural guidance system created by the great leader is a full-time agricultural guidance system wherein the state, holding itself responsible for the rural economy, guides it by the method of enterprise with county cooperative farm management committees as the unit. As a result of the new agricultural guidance system that was established with

county cooperative farm management committees as the basic unit, it became possible to ceaselessly bring control and management work of the rural economy ever closer to the advanced enterprise management method of industry, to strengthen technical guidance for agricultural production, to further reinforce the production linkage between industry and agriculture, organically combining the all-people ownership and cooperative ownership.

In addition, by directing the implementation of unified, detailed planning the great leader made it possible to develop our economy rapidly even more on a planned, balanced basis, firmly establishing the new socialist economic management system on a full scale.

The chuche-oriented economic management system founded by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song is a unique economic management system which brought about a revolutionary turnaround in the domain of economic management, a powerful weapon for socialist construction.

Above all this is related to the fact that the new economic management system is one based on the revolutionary mass line.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"The Taean Work System, in a word, is a system embodying the revolutionary mass line of our party on economic management." ("On the Question of Socialist Economic Management," Vol 2, p 515)

Carrying through the revolutionary mass line in economic management is an indispensable requirement flowing from the fundamental doctrine of the immortal chuche ideology, a principled question arising out of controlling and managing the economy in keeping with the inherent character of the socialist system.

In a socialist society the masters of production and management are the masses of people; and it is their ideological awareness which plays a decisive role in developing production. Only by heightening the ideological consciousness of the working masses and by making them positively participate in production and management with the awareness of being masters will it be possible to successfully solve the difficult and complex questions arising out of economic construction and to scientifically and rationally control and manage the economy, correctly embodying the demands of the law of the socialist economy. Therefore, in order to correctly control and manage the socialist economy, it is imperative to highly promote the ideological consciousness and labor enthusiasm of the masses of producers by thoroughly carrying through the mass line giving priority to political work and to solve all questions relying on their collective strength and wisdom.

The great leader defined thorough implementation of the revolutionary mass line under the collective guidance of respective party committees as the basis of socialist economic management and established the chuche-oriented economic management system based thereon, thus turning economic control and

management work into work with people. In this manner was completely removed the extant concept which used to regard socialist economic management as a simple technical job, a command over united labor; and a revolutionary turnaround was brought about in the domain of economic management. Thanks to the chuche-oriented economic management system created on the basis of the revolutionary mass line, it became possible to eliminate from enterprise management individual subjectivism, arbitrary decision and the dregs of capitalist enterprise management for good; and thrown open was the wide road to energetically accelerating socialist construction, promoting to the maximum the inexhaustible strength and creativity of the masses of producers.

The chuche-oriented economic management system created by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song is a new economic management system that brought about a revolutionary turnaround in socialist economic management and that turned itself into a powerful weapon for socialist construction. What accounts for this is also related to the fact that the system promotes the superiority of the socialist system to the full potential, making the people help each other and lead each other on.

For all people to help each other and lead each other on is the inherent superiority of the socialist system based on collectivism. After the socialist system has been established following liquidation of the exploiting system, all workers come to unite themselves solidly with one another and closely cooperate in camaraderie toward common goals and interests and to work displaying creative initiative and self-awakened fervor.

Promoting such superiority of the socialist system to the full potential is the key to improving economic management and rapidly developing productive forces.

The new economic system created by the great leader provides for superiors to help subordinates, for those who know to teach those who do not, for all people to assist one another in camaraderie, for all branches and units to closely cooperate with one another. By the new economic management system was founded a new method of economic control and management on the principle of collectivism "one for all, all for one," doing away for good with the method of order and command or bureaucratic method in economic guidance. As the attitude of helping each other and leading each other on came to fill all branches, all units full to overflowing, it became possible to accelerate economic construction to the maximum with timely solution to pending questions based on the superiority of the socialist system, the strength of unity and cooperation.

Moreover, the new economic management system founded by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song makes it possible to most precisely realize democratic centralization; and this is what makes it possible to prevent beforehand tilting of every description and to successfully carry out socialist construction.

Unlike the capitalist economy which is based on the private ownership of individual capitalists, the socialist economy is based on the societywide ownership of means of production and as such, constitutes one organic body with all economic branches and production units closely linked to one another. Therefore, only by strengthening the unified, centralized guidance of a working-class party and state will it be possible to properly insure production linkage between economic branches and units and rapidly develop the country's economy on a planned, balance basis. At the same time, under socialism, only by highly promoting the creativity of localities, enterprises and the masses of producers will it be possible to achieve optimum mobilization and utilization of the production potential of every description and secure scientific character and feasibility for centralized guidance. The strengthening of democratic centralization is a question which becomes all the more vital and urgent as socialist construction registers advances, as the scope of the economy grows, as the links between production branches, between enterprises become complex.

The new economic management system created by the great leader—by the collective guidance of party committees, by the method of giving priority to political work over all other tasks, by the work system of higher echelons helping lower echelons, by state's businesslike guidance of the rural economy and through detailed planning based on the principle of unified planning—makes it possible to decisively strengthen the unified, centralized guidance of the party and state, to correctly carry through policy requirements of the party and to highly promote the creative initiative and democracy of the producer masses and localities. Thanks to democratic centralization which has been even more thoroughly implemented, we have been able to admirably embody the scientific principle in economic management in accordance with the realistic demands of deepening socialist construction and to successfully carry out economic construction without any tilting whatever.

Thus the new economic management system established by the respected and beloved leader was a great event which brought about a revolutionary turnaround in socialist economic management by brilliantly embodying the immortal chuche ideology, a historic event that provided a powerful weapon for energetically accelerating economic construction by highly promoting the superiority of the socialist system.

The chuche-oriented economic management system created by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song is demonstrating its tremendous superiority and vitality through the practice of our country's socialist construction.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"From our practical experiences we can say with a great pride that the socialist economic management system established in our country on a full scale completely conforms to the revolutionary principles of Marxism-Leninism and to the concrete conditions of our country and that ours is the most superior economic management system capable of further consolidating

and developing the socialist economic system, providing an energetic source of inspiration for the development of productive forces of the country." ("Kim Il-song Selected Works," Vol 5, 2d impression, p 444)

Above all, the tremendous superiority and vitality of the chuche-oriented economic management system are being eloquently manifested in the further consolidation and development of the socialist economic system which has been established on a full scale in our country.

Ceaselessly consolidating and developing the socialist economic system is an important requirement for continuing to develop revolution and construction following completion of the socialist transformation of production relationships.

Thanks to the thorough implementation of the chuche-oriented economic management system, in our country cooperation and unity of producers in camaraderie came to be further strengthened while the attitude of energetically advancing the common goal and ideal, attainment of the chuche revolutionary cause, came to prevail in the whole society. In addition, thanks to the creation of a new agricultural guidance system, the guidance role of all-people ownership for cooperative ownership has been ceaselessly enhanced and the direct production links between these two forms of ownership strengthened; as a result, cooperative ownership is being ceaselessly consolidated and developed while the process of transition of cooperative ownership to all-people ownership is being energetically advanced. Thus the socialist economic system firmly established on a full scale throughout urban and rural areas has been invincibly consolidated and the historic task of attaining socialist production relationships in accordance with the demands of developing revolution is being brilliantly realized.

The Taean Work System and the new agricultural guidance system created by the great leader for unified and detailed planning are energetically inspiring the development of productive forces of the country.

The past 15 years since the new socialist economic management system was created by the great leader were every day a day of rewarding struggle for bringing about a basic change in control and management work of the people's economy, glorious travels of shining victory in socialist construction highly promoting the superiority of the new management system.

Through the struggle to thoroughly implement the new economic management system party guidance over socialist economic construction came to be further strengthened while through the admirable embodiment of the revolutionary mass line the self-awakened fervor and collective wisdom of the producer masses came to be highly enhanced. Also, as organizational work, technical guidance and procurement work came to be finely meshed, it became possible to even more effectively mobilize and utilize the economic resources and the inner potential already created.

It was because of the force of the chuche-oriented economic management system behind them that our party and people were able to work the miracle of brilliantly accomplishing within the short span of 14 years the difficult and complex task of industrialization which others had taken a century, nay, several centuries to accomplish, that we were able to score the ringing victory of fulfilling the magnificent Six-Year Plan 1 year and 4 months ahead of schedule in terms of the total volume of industrial production, energetically accelerating production and construction unaffected by the worldwide economic unevenness and crises. Again, it is because of the chuche-oriented economic management system that we have been able to surmount the severe effects of the cold front, harvesting bumper crops year after year, culminating this year in the record harvest in the history of our country, thus energetically demonstrating the invincible superiority of the socialist rural economic system.

Too, the chuche-oriented economic management system created by the great leader exerted great influence in revolutionarily indoctrinating and remolding workers.

As economic management based on political work, work with people, was implemented, the ideological and mental features of workers came to be completely renewed; and one and all, with the awareness of being masters of the country, masters of the revolution, came to energetically and vigorously launch into socialist construction. Thus it became possible to energetically accelerate the process of revolutionization and working classization of the whole society, to more rapidly carry out the work of remaking nature and society in accordance with the demands of the chuche ideology.

Indeed the prideful victories our party and people have won in socialist economic construction during the past period represent the brilliant fruition of the consummate leadership of the great leader who, laying down his unique thought and theory on socialist economic management, has been sagaciously leading the struggle for their realization; the victories are the priceless fruits of the chuche-oriented economic management system pro0 vided by the leader.

Facing us today is the important revolutionary task to further improve control and management work for the people's economy by highly enhancing the might of the chuche-oriented economic management system created by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and to bring about a new upsurge in socialist construction.

Only by highly promoting the might of the socialist economic management system will it be possible to even more sweepingly fuel the flames of the production increase and conservation struggle and ultimately to energetically accelerate overall socialist construction by mobilizing and utilizing to the maximum the production potentialities and the inner potential of our people's economy which has grown unprecedentedly in scope through the brilliant fulfillment of the Six-Year Plan.

Most important to highly promoting the might of the chuche-oriented economic management system created by the great leader is for all functionaries and workers to possess the revolutionary attitude of launching their work in accordance with the demands of the socialist economic management system.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"Most important in adopting the new work system is the revolutionary fighting spirit. In order to carry out party policies, it is imperative to grapple with the task resolutely and persistently and to courageously break through all kinds of barriers. ...without such fighting spirit, no matter how good a work system may be, it is impossible to sufficiently display its superiority." ("Kim Il-song Selected Works," Vol 3, 2d impression, p 432)

Today, now that the superiority of the chuche-oriented economic management system has been incontrovertibly proven in real life, the decisive guarantee for highly promoting its might lies not in any objective condition but in the resolute and persistent struggle of functionaries and workers to solidly guard their respective revolutionary outposts forever loyal to the great leader and the glorious party, to make the socialist economic management system even more effective.

It behooves all functionaries and workers to highly display their loyalty in practical struggle for still better abiding by the chuche-oriented economic management system in keeping with the realistic demands of socialist grand construction and to dynamically organize and launch all their tasks in accordance with the standards and rules and regulations laid down in the socialist economic management system. At the same time, it is imperative that they mount strong struggle against outdated ideological dregs of all descriptions standing in the way of thoroughly carrying through the socialist economic management system and fulfill their assigned revolutionary duties to the end in the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance.

Strengthening the collective guidance of party committees and giving priority to political work over all other tasks represent the inherent demand of the chuche-oriented economic management system, a reliable guarantee for successfully carrying out the vast tasks of socialist grand construction

Experience shows that only when the collective guidance of party committees is strengthened and priority given to political work is it possible to formulate correct measures on time for carrying out instructions of the great leader and policies of the party and to generate a ceaseless upsurge in production and construction by highly enhancing the self-awakened fervor and creative positivity of the producer masses.

Therefore, it is imperative that all branches and units continue to hold fast to the principle of launching work under the collective guidance of party committees.

All functionaries, deeply cognizing the importance of political work, work with people, must put it in the first place and energetically inspire the producer masses by means of explanation and persuasion. In particular, they must carry through the line laid down by the glorious party on strengthening economic agitation, and without standing on formality or ceremony, mount intensive economic agitation tugging at the heartstrings of the masses so that every battlefield of socialist construction may be filled with revolutionary vigor and innovative spirit full to overflowing.

The important question arising in highly enhancing the might of the chucheoriented economic management system created by the great leader is decisively improving economic management and production command by means of organizational work.

Only by means of organizational work will it be possible, in accordance with the demands of the chuche-oriented economic management system, to secure the scientific nature and planning character for economic management and production command and accelerate production and construction through the rational utilization of facilities, materials, and labor.

All factories and enterprises, with an integrated grip on the overall process of production enhancing the role of planning staff based on a unified, concentrated production command system, must solve with mobility all pending questions in production, thus insuring the fulfillment of the state plan by the period, by the index without fail and the standardization of production at a high level.

For its part the rural economic branch, highly promoting the superiority of businesslike control and management in thoroughly planning and organizing plan formulation, production organization, technical guidance, labor force control and procurement work, must more thoroughly carry out the demands of the chuche farming method and keep generating a new upsurge in agricultural production.

In the recent period our party laid down the revolutionary line on energetically launching the struggle for maximum conservation and production increase toward bringing about a new upsurge in socialist grand construction.

One of the important means to accelerate socialist grand construction fanning the flames of production increase and conservation struggle lies in further rationalizing management activities through thoroughly planned and formulated organizational work. All economic guidance functionaries, loyally upholding the party line, must properly make economic calculations and strengthen the struggle to rationalize management activities so as to thoroughly establish the order of socialist economic control and management. In this manner systematically lowering the norm of consumption of electricity, coal, fuel oil, steel materials, non-ferrous metals, cement, logs—all important materials for the development of the people's economy—and

mobilizing and utilizing the inner potential to the maximum, they must strive to accelerate production and construction. At the same time, while undertaking all work with foresightedness they must plan and formulate organizational work toward disposing of current revolutionary tasks on hand with dispatch, thus bringing about a ceaseless revolutionary upsurge in socialist construction.

One of the basic conditions for highly promoting the might of the chucheoriented economic management system is raising the qualifications of functionaries and further improving the work method and work attitude.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"Our realities wherein socialist construction has entered upon a higher phase and in particular, ideological revolution is being even more deepened, demand prepared cadre ranks more than at any time. ...Raising the qualifications of cadre ranks: this is a precondition for successfully solving all questions arising out of our revolution and construction." ("Kim Ilsong Selected Works," Vol 5, 2d impression, p 512)

Today, the socialist construction of our country which is deepening and developing at a new higher level calls for decisively raising the political job performance qualifications of functionaries. Only when the political job performance qualifications of functionaries are raised will it be possible to precisely analyze and judge the various kinds of complex questions arising out of socialist construction, formulate correct measures, competently control and manage our people's economy equipped with modern technology.

In order to raise political job performance qualifications one and all must become devoted students, enthusiasts, continuing to loyally uphold the revolutionary slogan laid down by the great leader "to people fighting revolution study is the first and forest duty." First of all, all economic guidance functionaries must energetically launch the struggle to thoroughly arm themselves with the chuche-oriented socialist economic management theory founded by the great leader; they must assimilate it into their bone and flesh, into their immutable credo. At the same time, strengthening the struggle to deeply acquire management knowledge along with scientific technical knowledge, they must thoroughly familiarize themselves with their assigned tasks, thus ever more solidly guarding the revolutionary outposts assigned to them by the great leader.

In order to make even more worthwhile the chuche-oriented economic management system which is based on the traditional revolutionary mass line in our party, all functionaries must ceaselessly keep improving their work method and work attitude in accordance therewith.

The basics of improving the work method and work attitude of functionaries are deeply mastering the great leader style work method, the Ch'ongsan-ri work method, and work exactly in accordance therewith, no more and no less.

All functionaries must go in deep among the producer masses, work with them sharing the same food with them, responsibly solve pending questions for them, be first to tackle difficult and heavy labor, set examples by their own actions, thus energetically leading the masses to ceaseless innovations, to ceaseless forward movement.

Again, by thinking big, boldly and aggressively launching work in accordance with the line laid down by the glorious party, they must fill the whole country with youthful vigor and spirit full to overflowing, seeing to it that one and all energetically accelerate socialist grand construction.

The struggle to highly promote the might of the chuche-oriented economic management system firmly established in our country on a full scale is a glorious one to successfully control and manage the large-scale socialist economy as intended by the great leader, a rewarding one to advance the attainment of the chuche revolutionary cause, accelerating production and construction by further fanning the flames of the production increase and conservation struggle in accordance with the realistic demands of socialist construction.

All party members and workers, further improving economic management by highly promoting the invincible might of the chuche-oriented economic management system created by the great leader, shall positively contribute to lessening the concern of the fatherly leader, to bringing about a new upsurge in socialist construction.

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ENERGETICALLY LAUNCHING THE MASS STRUGGLE FOR INCREASED OUTPUT AND CONSERVATION OF ELECTRICITY IS AN URGENT DEMAND FOR ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT IN THE PRESENT PERIOD

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[Article by Yi Chi-ch'an]

[Text] At present the entire party members and workers of the whole country are energetically accelerating socialist grand construction having unanimously and vigorously launched into the campaign for capturing the red flag of the three revolutions.

Thanks to the ever higher revolutionary fervor of the entire party members and workers forever loyal to the great leader and the glorious party, everywhere throughout the country are being erected with dynamic force large-scale structures of far-reaching importance such as modern metal, chemical and machine works while in all spheres of the people's economy are being ceaselessly worked miracles along fresh innovations.

Today, when echoes of the revolutionary drumbeat are loudly ringing over all battlefields of socialist construction as the entire workers race forward with gale force in the spirit of Chollima, one of the urgent tasks facing us in accelerating the pace of the grand construction march is energetically launching the mass struggle for the increased output and conservation of electricity so as to satisfactorily fill the constantly growing demands of the people's economy for electricity.

To satisfactorily solve the power question of the people's economy by giving priority to the electric power industry over other branches is an indispensable requirement of socialist economic construction, a line our party has been invariably holding fast to.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"In order to rapidly develop the people's economy, it is essential above all to expand and strengthen fuel and power bases. In particular, in order to accelerate the country's electrification, an important factor in achieving technological advances, it is imperative to give priority to the electric power industry over other branches." ("Kim Il-song Selected Works," Vol 3, 2d impression, p 112)

Electricity is the basic motive power of the people's economy, the technological cornerstone for the development of modern production. Without electricity modern industry and developed socialist rural economy are unthinkable nor is it possible to achieve technological advances of the people's economy. Only when a solid own power base is built with priority given the electric power industry over other branches will it be possible to satisfactorily solve the question of electricity necessary for developing people's economy, to erect a self-supporting national economy, and to properly run industry, rural economy, rail transport and all other branches. Also, only then will it be possible to realize the country's electrification and accelerate mechanization and automation toward further strengthening technical foundations for the overall people's economy and developing production and construction ceaselessly at a high rate of speed, to free workers from difficult and heavy labor and rapidly improve their material and cultural life.

Therefore, to satisfactorily solve the country's question of motive power through development of the electric power industry is one of the basic conditions for solidly paving the material and technical foundations of socialism and accelerating overall socialist construction, an indispensable task for providing a more independent and creative life for workers.

The great ideo-theoretician, genius of creation and construction, the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song, with his keen insight into the importance of solving the question of electric power in socialist construction, early laid down his unique line on giving priority to the electric power industry over other branches and has since been sagaciously leading the struggle for the realization, thus solidly building an independent electric power industry base in our country.

In particular, based on his comprehensive analysis of the state of economic development in our country where socialist grand construction has been energetically waged in recent years the great leader laid down the revolutionary line on energetically launching a mass struggle for increased output and conservation of electricity, thus brightly illuminating the path to continuing to develop production and construction at a high rate of speed.

Energetically launching the struggle for increased output and conservation of electricity is an urgent demand for insuring success in the socialist grand construction battle currently underway on a magnificent scale, ever more highly demonstrating the might of our country's economy the scope of which has registered an unprecedented growth today and ever more loudly blowing the bugle call for speed battle forward.

Under the sagacious leadership of the great leader and the revolutionary guidance of the glorious Party Center the magnificent Six-Year Plan has been brilliantly fulfilled and the preparatory work for occupation of the ten major targets of economic construction has been energetically expedited. As a result, the scope of our country's economy has grown beyond comparison

and technological provisions of the people's economy, too, have been further enhanced. Modern, great metallurgical bases, cement production bases, chemical industry bases and light industry bases have been erected everywhere while a large number of new factories, enterprises, coal mines and mineral mines have started operations. The three major tasks of technical revolution—strategic tasks for socialist economic construction—have been energetically pushed forward; as a result, in all branches of the people's economy mechanization, semi—automation, automation and remote control are being widely adopted while the task to industrialize and modernize agriculture, too, is being successfully carried out. The transportation branch, too, has registered revolutionary advances: enormous railroad tracks have been electrified, and the modern three "-izations" system [installation of conveyors, cableways, and pipelines] such as heavy—duty, long—distance belt conveyors and large—scale concentrated ore transmission pipelines has been widely adopted.

In step with the ever more greatly expanded scope of economy and energetically waged technical revolution, the demand for electricity has extraordinarily launching the mass struggle for increased output and conservation of electricity, the demand of the people's economy for electricity, a demand that has tremendously grown, will it be possible to make even more worthwhile the industrial districts and industrial branch newly erected everywhere throughout the country and to energetically accelerate production and construction, further consolidating and developing the achievements already scored in the prosecution of the three major tasks of technical revolution.

The demand for electricity is growing even more in relation to the new revolutionary upswing being brought about on all fronts of socialist grand construction where the entire party and people have unanimously and vigorously launched into the campaign for capturing the red flag of the three revolutions, a campaign mapped out by the great leader and sponsored by the glorious Party Center.

Today, it si electricity which is in ever growing demand everywhere, be it construction sites, factories, enterprises bubbling with leaps forward and innovations, or the extractive industry branch and transportation front swept up in ever higher flames of speed battle, or the socialist rural areas moving forward with dynamic force toward the 10-million-ton grain height having reaped a record harvest in the history of our country. The more electricity is supplied through energetic launching of the struggle for increased output and conservation of electricity, the louder echoes of the revolutionary drumbeat will come to ring over every battlefield of grand construction, along with fresh leaps forward and innovations brought about ceaselessly.

Today, in the face of the rapidly increasing demand for electricity, to increase the output and conversation of electricity to the maximum is indeed one of the basic questions arising out of continuing to energetically wage speed battle in all sectors of production and construction.

Again, energetically launching the mass struggle for increased output and conservation of electricity is a glorious revolutionary task to even more energetically display the might of chuche Korea, successfully overcoming the severe effects of the cold front sweeping across the world.

In recent years many countries have suffered great damages from severe drought and heavy rainfall caused by the cold front.

Harsh effects of the cold front have severely affected our country, too. During last year alone our country suffered a major drought lasting as long as some 60 days, coupled with untimely heavy rainfalls. But thanks to the sagacious leadership of the great leader our country is bringing about a ceaseless upsurge in production and construction, successfully overcoming the effects of the cold front.

Under conditions in which it is anticipated the cold front will affect us for a long time to come, it is imperative to thoroughly formulate the necessary measures beforehand so as to prevent fluctuations in the output of electricity regardless of drought. Also, in order to insure continued high yields from farming, the question of securing the necessary water for the busiest farming season becomes even more important. To this end, more electricity is required.

The basic means of filling the growing demand of the people's economy for electricity and satisfactorily supplying electricity even during the dry season, the effects of the cold front notwithstanding, is energetically launching the mass struggle for the optimum output and conservation of electricity. When all functionaries and workers are unanimously mobilized in generating one more kilowatt hour of electricity while conserving it to the utmost, it will be possible to overcome whatever major drought, bring about a ceaseless productive upsurge in all branches of the people's economy including the rural economy and even more energetically demonstrate the might of our people's economy free of economic unevenness.

Indeed, the line laid down by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song on energetically launching the mass struggle for increased output and conservation of electricity is a most valid one comprehensively embodying the law of socialist economic construction and the realistic demands of developing economy of our country, a programmatic compass for even more satisfactorily solving the question of electricity and continuing to accelerate the pace of the socialist grand construction march.

Today, for us there are solid material and technical foundations for satisfactorily filling the demand of the people's economy for electricity rapidly growing on an unprecedented scale.

Under the sagacious leadership of the great leader the once insignificant electric power industry of our country has developed by leaps and bounds indeed. Modern large-scale hydroelectric and thermal power plants have been erected in large numbers while medium— and small—scale hydroelectric

and thermal power stations have been built everywhere, thus providing a mighty and self-supporting motive power base. In this manner we are regularly generating an enormous amount of electricity free from seasonal constraints; and in terms of per capita electric power output we have joined the ranks of the most advanced countries in the world.

Under the sagacious leadership of the great leader and the revolutionary guidance of the glorious Party Center our motive power warriors, with the red banners of the three revolutions held high, have successfully effected technical improvements on power generating facilities, sharply raising the overall generating capacities of power plants. Meanwhile, thanks to the struggle widely launched by all branches, all units of the people's economy to economize on electricity and to the task successfully pushed to turn around the production processes of those industrial sectors consuming large amounts of electricity in the direction of consuming less electricity, it has come to be possible to even more efficiently utilize electricity.

Moreover, we have a solid base on which to manufacture on our own the necessary electric equipment such as power generating facilities; in addition, we have abundant resources capable of continuing to increase the electric power output.

The question is, how will the functionaries and workers of the electric power industry, the broad masses of the whole country be mobilized in the struggle for increased output and conservation of electricity?

When all motive power warriors and the entire workers of the whole country, following the call of the great leader, energetically struggle for still greater output and utmost conservation of electricity by even more efficiently utilizing the power base already created and still further expanding and strengthening it, it will be possible to satisfactorily fill the demand of the people's economy for electricity and to ceaselessly generate a new revolutionary upsurge on all fronts of socialist grand construction.

Today we are faced with the important revolutionary task of even more satisfactorily filling the daily growing demand of the people's economy for electricity by more energetically launching the mass struggle for increased output and conservation of electricity, loyally upholding the teachings of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song.

In order for all branches, all units to energetically launch the struggle for increased output and conservation of electricity, it is imperative first of all to see to it that functionaries and workers more thoroughly abide by their stand as masters of national housekeeping.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"Efforts must be made to see to it that all workers—with clear knowledge that all our assets are for the enrichment, strengthening and development of the country, for the happiness of our people, for their own sake—may hold an attitude befitting the masters of national housekeeping, substantively and responsibly carry out their revolutionary assignments, and strive to give still more profits, if only a little, to the country and the people." ("Kim Il—song Selected Works," Vol 4, 2d impression, p 550)

For all workers, holding fast to their stand as the masters of national housekeeping, to responsibly guard their assigned outposts and struggle to the utmost to give more profits to the country and the people is a basic demand of the immortal chuche ideology, a priority principled question arising in accelerating socialist construction. Only when workers, who are masters of the socialist society directly in charge of national housekeeping, work meticulously, steadfastly and diligently in a manner befitting masters, solidly guarding their assigned revolutionary outposts, will it be possible for them with their own strength to successfully solve difficult and complex questions arising out of socialist construction and energetically accelerate production and construction mobilizing all possibilities to the full potential.

For all workers to hold fast to their stand as masters is a question of particular importance in electric power management.

Electric power management is neither particularly complex nor difficult from a technical point of view. Again, under conditions in which electrification of the country has been brilliantly effected anyone can handily utilize electricity anytime he chooses and it is possible that he who wastes it will not realize it right there and then. Therefore, in the utilization of electricity heightened awareness as masters is required more than in the utilization of any other collective property. Only when all workers unanimously and vigorously launch into it will it be possible to substantively mount the struggle for increased output and conservation of electricity.

Today our party demands that the entire party members and workers highly enhance an attitude befitting masters toward national housekeeping for optimum output and utmost conservation of electricity so as to lessen the concern of the fatherly leader and energetically accelerate socialist grand construction.

Therefore, it is imperative that all functionaries and workers highly demonstrate their loyalty in the practical struggle for increased output and conservation of electricity, and substantively contribute to accelerating socialist construction, holding fast to their stand as masters.

In particular, functionaries and workers of the electric power industry, with an ever heightened sense of glory for manning the country's motive power front, must struggle with dynamic force to keep responsibly and

solidly guarding their assigned outposts. All motive power warriors, with heightened political awareness and fervor of loyalty, must put themselves in the forefront of the struggle for increased output and conservation of electricity, thus responsibly fulfilling their glorious duties before the party and revolution and bringing about a new turnaround in the solution of the question of electricity. This is the very way to respond in loyalty to the magnanimous benevolence and concern of the great leader; this is the revolutionary attitude we must hold in further fueling the flames of speed battle.

In order to satisfactorily fill the rapidly growing demand of socialist grand construction for electricity it is imperative to decisively increase the output of electricity by energetically launching the struggle for the increased output of electricity.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"The electric power industry must thoroughly readjust the facilities of existing power plants for raising their capacities to the optimum while positively pushing forward the construction of large-scale power plants, toward further strengthening the power bases." ("Kim Il-song Selected Works," Vol 5, 2d impression, p 175)

Energetically launching the struggle for increased output of electricity represents one of the basic means to solve the question of power for the people's economy; and what occupies an important place here is properly readjusting existing plant facilities for power generation toward optimum increase in their capacities and efficient utilization. Only by increasing the capacities of existing power generating facilities to the optimum will it be possible to sharply increase the output of electricity within the shortest span without making an enormous investment.

In order to have existing power plants make greater output of electricity it is essential to utilize to the optimum the generating capacities of thermal power plants which are responsible for a major part of the output of electricity in the present period.

Functionaries and workers of the thermal power sector, deeply realizing that the electricity they produce is the priceless power for generating a new productive upsurge in all branches of the people's economy, must struggle with dynamic force to run full operation with full load. The motive power warriors of thermal power plants, strictly observing the standard operating procedures and technical standards, must increase the rate of utilization of power generating facilities to the optimum and produce more electricity with less coal and heavy oil, widely launching a mass technical innovation movement.

Today, a major potential for increasing the output of electricity lies in factories and enterprises efficiently utilizing their own medium- and small-size thermal power generating facilities. Therefore, those factories

and enterprises possessing their own power generating facilities must energetically launch the struggle to generate one more kilowatt hour of electricity by running full operation of their power generating facilities.

It is important that along with thermal power plants, hydroelectric power plants efficiently utilize their power generating capacities.

The motive power warriors of hydroelectric plants, properly readjusting and reinforcing hydraulic structures such as dams and waterways, must strive to generate more electricity with the same amount of water, operating generators at the highest water level, at the highest efficacy point, by continuing to raise the efficiency of turbines without wasting one drop of water.

Today in our country, under the sagacious leadership of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, are being widely built everywhere large-scale thermal and hydroelectric power plants on a far-reaching plan.

Only by advancing the projected operation start dates through accelerating the building of such power plants currently under construction will it be possible to decisively increase the output of electricity so as to even more rapidly and still better satisfy the demands of socialist grand construction for electricity.

Power plant construction sites, loyally upholding the teachings of the great leader for intensive construction, must energetically wage speed battle concentrating efforts on major construction targets, thus completing at the earliest possible date those power plant construction projects currently under construction.

In addition, efficiently utilizing the inexhaustible hydraulic and coal resources of our country, they must substantively carry out the preparatory work for occupying ahead of schedule the 50-billion-kilowatt-hour electricity height, one of the ten major targets of socialist economic construction.

A precondition for operating existing power plants with full load and accelerating the construction of new power plants is qualitatively insuring on time the production and procurement of the necessary fuel, materials and equipment.

Functionaries and workers of the coal industry sector must brilliantly fulfill coal production quotas day by day by bringing about united innovations for more delivery of coal to thermal power plants toward standardization of power output at a high level; they must decisively improve the quality of coal produced, by thoroughly establishing a sorting system. Meanwhile, those factories and enterprises which have been assigned to produce facilities and materials necessary for the construction and

maintenance of power plants, must produce their assigned items by category, by standard, by period without fail; and the railroad transportation branch must plan and organize exclusive train transportation along with concentrated transportation for responsibly hauling material to power plants.

In this manner they must enable all power plants to fan the flames of increasing the output of electricity and deliver still more electricity to the sites of socialist grand construction, thus positively contributing to expanding and strengthening the power bases of the country.

Maximum economization on electricity, coupled with the energetically launched struggle for increased output of electricity, is the invariable line of our party and the key to satisfying the demands of socialist grand construction for electricity.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"...in order to satisfy the rapidly growing demands for motive power, it is essential to create a series of new power bases, along with utmost conservation of electricity." ("Kim Il-song Selected Works," Vol 3, 2d impression, p 548)

Electricity conservation, in the final analysis, has the same significance as electricity output. Electricity conserved means that much fuel or water conserved, so conserved electricity channeled more effectively to other branches of the people's economy. Conversely, so long as electricity is not conserved, no matter how much electricity is produced it will be Sisyphean labor like trying to fill a bottomless jar and it will be impossible to satisfy the rapidly growing demands for power.

The struggle for conservation of electricity becomes an even more important question under existing conditions of our country. Today, when the scope of economy has incomparably grown and an enormous amount of electricity is being produced, suppose all branches, all units of the people's economy conserved only 1 percent from their consumption of electricity, this would mean a tremendous savings, a great contribution to accelerating socialist grand construction.

Therefore, it behooves all branches, all units to steadfastly launch the struggle for conservation of electricity as an all-out mass movement.

Today, the greatest potential for electricity conservation lies in lowering to the losest level the norm of electricity consumption by those branches consuming a great deal of electricity such as the metal and chemical industries. Those branches using a great deal of electricity must strive to lower to the lowest level the consumption of electricity per unit product by means of effecting on-time repair and maintenance work on facilities in accordance with technical standards, of paying meticulous attention to sorting for upgrading the quality of raw materials used, of widely adopting advanced technical processes and of planning and formulating production organization.

At the same time, the struggle must be launched energetically to replace such processes as consuming electric heat with ones using less or none of electric heat, and efforts must be made to prevent waste of water, air or gases produced by the use of electricity. In addition, efforts must be made to prevent the phenomena of waste of electricity caused by the use of excess capacity electrical equipment or unnecessarily high candlepower bulbs and to minimize to the utmost the in-transmission loss of electricity by thoroughly effecting on-time repair and maintenance work on power transmission and distribution facilities.

Wasting instead of conserving precious electricity which is the basic motive power of the people's economy dripping with the priceless sweat of our workers is a manifestation of outdated ideological dregs which can be successfully overcome only by combination of strong struggle and stringent control.

Instead of regarding electricity management work as question on the order of a simple economic job, all functionaries and workers must launch strong ideological struggle against the phenomena of waste of electricity. Local government organs at all levels and those organs in charge of supervising and controlling the use of electricity, properly combining ideological indoctrination work with supervision and control work, must thoroughly establish a stern system and order in the use of electricity toward making all organs, enterprises, streets, villages and households conserve electricity to the utmost.

Today, the struggle for optimum increase in the output and conservation of electricity is a sacred one to lessen the concern of the great leader, a rewarding one to generate a new revolutionary upsurge in socialist grand construction, standardizing production of all branches of the people's economy by satisfactorily filling the sharply increasing demands for electricity.

Our motive power warriors and workers of the entire country, with burning loyalty to the great leader and the glorious party, shall accelerate socialist grand construction and further advance attainment of the chuche revolutionary cause by energetically launching the mass struggle for increased output and conservation of electricity.

12153 CSO: 4908 'REVITALIZATION SYSTEM' OF THE SOUTH KOREAN PUPPET GANG IS A SYSTEM OF MURDER, VIOLENT REPRESSION, NATIONAL DIVISION

Pyongyang KULLOJA in Korean Dec 76 pp 49-54

[Article by Chong I-kun]

[Text] At present South Korea is under the reign of dark unparalleled in history.

Having flipped in pursuit of lasting "ruling power" and fascist dictatorship, the Pak Chong-hui puppet gang are suppressing more viciously than ever before patriotic people aiming for democratization of the society and reunification of the country. The people's democratic freedoms and rights are being ruthlessly trampled on and the democratic forces faced with a serious challenge. In South Korea where fascist dictatorship is murderously carrying the day, workers and peasants demanding rights to a living, youths and students calling for freedoms of the campus, intellectuals and political activists and even religious personalities aiming for democracy are being arrested, imprisoned, and mercilessly murdered. The Pak Chong-hui fascist gang some time ago summarily punished those involved with the "democratic national salvation manifesto" calling for democracy and peaceful reunification, and are still pursuing persecution. This vividly shows the outrageous character and barbaric nature of the "revitalization system."

The Pak Chong-hui puppet gang's atrocities of violent fascist repression and nation splitting machinations are getting worse as the days go by, more and more betraying the inherently anti-national, reactionary character of "revitalization system."

As the atrocious "revitalization system" reveals its reactionary character more and more before the world and as the voice of denunciation grows louder among the South Korean people and world progressive peoples, the traitor Pak Chong-hui puppet gang are talking as if the system were some "third democracy" claiming that so-called "naturalization of democracy" is the "doctrine of revitalization" or the "revitalization system" is a "democratic system" consistent with the conditions of South Korea.

This is a political sophistry heedlessly mouthed by the Pak Chong-hui puppet gang in recent years every time the gang were driven into an inextricable predicament.

But try as they may by every conceivable cunning deception, there is no way the scoundrels can cover up the inherently reactionary character of "revitalization" dictatorship. Just as wolf cannot turn into lamb, fascist dictatorship cannot turn into democracy no matter how they dress it up.

Essentially, dictatorship of exploiters is dictatorship against the exploited working masses; their democracy is democracy of a handful of exploiters, the ruling circles. There can be no dictatorship without class; by the same token, there can be no democracy that transcends class.

The "revitalization system" established in South Korea is a classical model of the vicious colonial rule of modern imperialism; it is the most violent, barbaric military fascist dictatorship which is dictatorship of the bourgeoisie to which is added dictatorship of military hooligans. In the final analysis, the "revitalization system" is the most vicious system of violent repression, the most reactionary form of rule aimed at sustaining and reinforcing the violent fascist repression and political rule of the Pak Chong-hui puppet gang against the broad masses of people typified by workers and peasants in South Korea.

The "democracy" or "revitalization doctrine" mouthed by the Pak Chong-hui puppet gang is no more than a politico-ideological camouflage designed to cloak the inherently reactionary character of "revitalization" dictatorship, to rationalize their violent one-man fascist repression and to mentally enslave the South Korean people by paralyzing their class awareness.

The "revitalization system" of South Korean puppets is the most violent system of murder and repression.

A product spawned by the U.S. imperialist crisis of colonial rule over South Korea, the system carries with it unprecedented despotism and barbarism.

Scoundrel Pak Chong-hui the traitor, acting in accordance with the demands of the U.S. imperialist colonial policy, came up with the so-called "revitalization system" for the purpose of removing every patriotic and democratic socio-political element standing in the way of the policy and of sustaining his own fascist rule.

In setting up the "revitalization system" the Pak Chong-hui puppet gang schemed: politically, to strengthen fascist dictatorship and hang on to "ruling power" for a long time to come; economically and militarily, to accelerate war preparations by "nurturing real strength"; ideo-culturally, to achieve "great national harmony" under the guise of "internal unity" by instilling slavish submissive ideas and "anti-communist" consciousness into people; and ultimately, to realize their sinister designs for

"reunification by vanquishing communism." Here again, they place the basic emphasis on strengthening the fascist rule for the purpose of maintaining their "ruling power" for a long time to come.

That the "revitalization system" is a system of violent fascist repression is well demonstrated in the course of events leading up to its fabrication and the state of affairs developing subsequent to it.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"The South Korean authorities, following the fabrication of so-called 'October revitalization,' have been stepping up suppression against the South Korean people. Proclaiming innumerable measures of violent repression such as 'emergency martial law,' 'emergency measure,' 'alert A,' they have been wantonly suppressing the peopel." ("On the Situation in Our Country and the Task of the Korean Youth League in Japan," p 21)

As is well-known, scoundrel Pak Chong-hui the traitor who had been sustaining his "ruling power" by means of violence and fraudulence after seizing the puppet regime at the point of the bayonet, proclaimed in 1972 "emergency martial law" on top of "the state of emergency," and set out on the game of so-called "constitution amendment," claiming it as "October revitalization."

Scoundrel Pak Chong-hui the traitor who early at the inception of his "political rule" went to see his Japanese masters and swore an oath to run government in the spirit of "the Royalists" who had brought about "the Meiji Restoration," is a flunkey traitor in whom pro-Japanese ideas of treason have been instilled to the marrow of his bones, and even named his platform "October revitalization" after "the Meiju Restoration" under which he carried out so-called "system reform." Traitor Pak Chong-hui, fabricating the most reactionary "revitalization constitution," seized all means of power, legislative, judiciary, executive, and military, concentrating unlimited powers into his own hands.

In addition, traitor Pak Chong-hui changed the existing "direct election system" by "national vote" [for president] to an "indirect election system" by "national conference dedicated to reunification" composed of his own henchmen, extended president's term of office from 4 years to 6 years and removed the limitations to consecutive terms of office, thus creating in fact a "system of president" for life. Moreover, the scoundrel managed to put his own fabrication, "national conference dedicated to reunification," above the "National Assembly" as "supreme decision-making organ." This "national conference dedicated to reunification"--said to be a copy of the "national conference" created by Chiang Kai-shek of Taiwan to make "president" for life of himself--is from beginning to end no more than a kept ruling apparatus of traitor Pak Chong-hui's composed of "anti-communist" maniacs. With the "national conference dedicated to reunification" holding the "supreme decision-making power," the "National Assembly" in fact became an enervated adjunt for the puppet government, a "lady-in-waiting" for the dictator, subject to dissolution at any time.

Precisely because of this the games the scoundrels play at "revitalization" have been the object of criticism and denunciation by world peoples as acts of fascism "wiping out the last vestige of democracy" and "death of democracy."

Scoundrel Pak Chong-hui the traitor is indeed human trash devoid of political faith, a fascist dictator worse than Franco of Spain or Chiang Kai-shek of Taiwan who had both reigned as one-man dictator "generalissimo."

Seizing all powers through "October revitalization," the Pak Chong-hui puppet gang came to further strengthen their fascist system of violent repression and even more viciously suppress patriotic people, in order to sustain their "revitalization" dictatorship system.

Scoundrel Pak Chong-hui the traitor, readjusting and reinforcing his fascist apparatus of violent repression such as the "Central Intelligence Agency," has completely turned government powers into violence, increasing on a grand scale his forces of violent repression consisting of vicious military hooligans and terrorists.

In South Korea, the "Central Intelligence Agency" is becoming an "invisible government," headquarters for suppressing people, and its agents, planted everywhere to watch every move of the people, are wantonly arresting, imprisoning, torturing, and murdering people on the slightest excuse of getting out of order.

The Pak Chong-hui traitor gang which make it their vocation to slaughter human beings, not content even after planting "Central Intelligence Agency" agents everywhere, are driving puppet troops, puppet police, and police intelligence agents into suppressing revolutionaries and patriotic people.

In fact, in a society where military fascist dictatorship prevails there is no way democracy can fit in. Under the most despotic military fascist dictatorship sustained by some 400,000 "Central Intelligence Agency agents," some 50,000-strong police force, some 300,000 special police agents, some 700,000-strong armed forces, such as prevails in South Korea, political freedom is something beyond imagination and if any, a mere lip service. The South Korean people are caught up in a constant atmosphere of terror and unable to open their hearts even among immedate family members or relatives.

The Pak Chong-hui puppet gang, on the excuse of firmly establishing the "revitalization system," have expanded on a grand scale their apparatus of murder and violent repression while revising a number of bad fascist laws even worse or enforcing new ones. In no more than a half year following "October revitalization," the scoundrels fabricated nearly 300 pieces of bad fascist law. This is an enormous number which would take the "National Assembly" several years to "legislate" through normal process. In force in South Korea today are no less than 5,000 pieces of bad fascist law.

Because of machinations of the Pak Chong-hui puppet gang to fabricate such bad fascist laws, there have been put in force all sorts of bad laws unparalleled in history such as the "amended constitution," "law of national conference dedicated to reunification," "law of reorganizing the National Assembly," "law of assemblies and demonstrations," along with bad wartime laws such as "public security law," pseudo-laws such as "emergency measure," gagging and tying the South Korean people hand and foot. Without exception, all these bad fascist laws have been contrived as a means of fastening people in the "revitalization" chair for interrogation and "legalizing" fascist atrocities of violent repression by scoundrel Pak Chong-hui the traitor, as a "written guarantee permitting the one-man dictatorship system."

The Pak Chong-hui puppet gang, producing the "revitalization system" and breaking out bad fascist laws such as "anti-communist law" and "state security law," have been going berserk in mercilessly suppressing patriotic people and removing opposition forces. In South Korea the bad fascist laws are solely aimed at rubbing out the democratic freedoms and rights of the people and removing patriotic democratic forces which oppose "revitalization" dictatorship. All progressive political parties and organizations, press and publications organs are being turned into sacrificial lambs for the fascist rule while a large number of revolutionaries and patriotic people are being made the target of suppression.

The Pak Chong-hui fascist gang are perpetrating without hesitation such atrocities as arresting, imprisoning and murdering many patriots for having fought for democratization of the South Korean society and independent and peaceful reunification of the country, and mobilizing the puppet troops to occupy, close down universities and colleges and arrest and murder innocent youths and students on charges of mass demonstrations opposing the "revitalization system" and demanding democratization of the campus. Historically speaking, this is the kind of atrocities which can be committed only by perpetrators of treason against the nation, fascist hangmen who make it their business as the lackeys of foreign aggressors to suppress and murder people.

During the mass struggle for the cause by South Korean youths and students in 1974 alone, fabricating what was known as the "Democratic Youth and Student League case," the Pak Chong-hui puppet gang by force punished some 4,000 youths, students, and people of all strata, and subsequently, mercilessly killed 8 members of the People's Revolutionary Party on charges of being "the force pulling the strings behind the scene." In addition, the fascist gang, enticing into the mountains one of those sponsoring the "1-million-signature movement" against "revitalization" dictatorship, murdered him while killing a conscientious professor in prison.

All facts show how much the Pak Chong-hui puppet clique have been going berserk in removing and rubbing out patriotic forces and all elements distasteful to them in South Korea, in order to sustain the "revitalization system."

In particular, the fact that some time ago the scoundrels mounted the shameless fascist offensives in bestially punishing those involved with the "democratic national salvation manifesto" calling for democracy against the current reign of dark in South Korea on "charges of treason against the state," vividly bespeaks the reactionary character of the "revitalization system" and the political, moral crisis. Speaking of the democratic personalities, of whom the Pak Chong-hui puppet gang are making an issue, the personalities merely presented in the "manifesto" the just demand for democracy and reunification. Nevertheless, the Pak Chong-hui puppet gang meted out heavy punishments to them. This action was motivated by their ugly political objectives to handily run the "presidency" for life without confrontation with political foes for a long time to come. This is an absolutely intolerable act in modern society, an act of violation of human rights, an act of rubbing out democracy. It is precisely for this reason that today broad world opinion condemns the atrocities of the Pak Chong-hui puppet gang as seen in the punishments meted out, as "a challenge to the entire civilized world" and "atrocity defiling the human civilization."

By the daily growing worse atrocities of violent repression by the Pak Chong-hui fascist clique, today's South Korea has been turned into complete ruins of democracy, a murders' row where everything is fastened to the "revitalization" chair for interrogation, even elementary human rights and freedoms ruthlessly trampled on.

Indeed, the "revitalization system" is a fascist system of violent repression, a system of butchery wantonly massacring patriotic people and immersing the land of South Korea in a sea of blood.

Again, the "revitalization system" of South Korea is a system of division, a system of confrontation designed to perpetuate the division of territory and people.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"The U.S. imperialists do not want Korea's reunification; neither do South Korea's present rulers. South Korea's present rulers are in collusion with U.S. imperialism." ("Talk With the Editor in Chief of the Japanese Politicotheoretical Magazine 'Sekai'," p 6)

The U.S. imperialists, pursuing their criminal objectives by using South Korea as their strategic military strongpoint to invade the whole of Korea and ultimately to realize their hegemony over Asia and the world, are opposing Korea's reunification to the death while viciously scheming to fabricate "two Koreas."

Neither have the traitor Pak Chong-hui gang ever wanted reunification of the country, solely striving in collusion with U.S. imperialism to perpetuate national division and their "ruling power." In fabricating "October rebitalization" the Pak Chong-hui puppet gang talked as if it were for purposes of preparing for some kind of "peaceful reunification system." But there was no way the scoundrels could conceal their true intent. Facts are always clear and stark.

"October revitalization" is through and through a product spawned by the machinations of U.S. imperialism and the Pak Chong-hui puppet gang to split the nation, and the "revitalization system" is for perpetuation of national division, not for Korea's reunification.

The fact that the "revitalization system" is one seeking national division and confrontation is well demonstrated by the course of events leading up to its fabrication.

Following the release of the historic North-South Joint Statement the ardent desire for peaceful reunification became extraordinarily heightened among the South Korean people. The South Korean people of all strata came to ever more ardently adore the sun of the nation, the respected and beloved leader, Comrade Kim II-song and to forever admire the northern half of the republic, the public sentiments unanimously leaning toward the north.

This meant, in fact, the total bankruptcy of the schemes of the Pak Chong-hui puppet gang for "reunification by vanquishing communism."

Struck with dismay at the developing course of events, the Pak Chong-hui puppet gang came to go against the nation's aim, pulling the doublecross by overturning every one of the principles of the North-South Joint Statement which had been so preciously achieved. In less than a week after the North-South Coordinating Committee was convened to implement the items agreed upon between the North and South the scoundrels kicked up the "revitalization" racket and suppressed at the point of the bayonet the arden desire of the people for reunification on the one hand and promoted an atmosphere of war and split, crying out for "confrontation of strength" with us.

This is proof positive that from the beginning the goal of the Pak Chong-hui puppet gang's game of "revitalization" was to set up a system designed to divide, a system aimed at confrontation of "strength" with us.

Some 4 years since the South Korean puppets kicked up the "October revitalization" racket have been a period characterized by ever more vicious effort of the scoundrels to firmly establish their system of confrontation with us, to plot national division and war.

Proclaiming an "extraordinary state of wartime" on top of the "emergency measure" on the excuse of nonexistent "threat of aggression from the North" the Pak Chong-hui puppet gang ruthlessly suppressed patriotic forces demanding reunification on the one hand and went berserk in establishing an

"all-out security system" mobilizing all resources of men and materiel. So it came in South Korea that the reunification trend was suppressed and reunification prospects once again muddied.

Again, the fact that the "revitalization system" is a system aimed at national division is seen intensively in that the Pak Chong-hui puppet gang led the North-South talks to frustration.

Compelled though reluctantly to attend the meeting for talks by the pressure brought to bear on them by the South Korean people, the Pak Chonghui puppet gang from the first day promoted a sense of hostility among one and the same nation, crying out for "confrontation," "rivalry" and "coexistence" as they went berserk in perpetuating division.

The schemes of the South Korean puppets for national division culminated in the blatant proclamation of so-called "special statement of 23 June seeking the perpetuation of national division as a matter of policy for the North-South "simultaneous entry into the United Nations" strictly following the U.S. imperialist line on "two Koreas." The Pak Chong-hui puppet gang, in an attempt to frustrate the North-South talks and internationalize the perpetuation of national division, committed all sorts of dastardly, ugly acts before the United Nations and other international agencies, thus thoroughly betraying their true splittist color.

Speaking of traitor Pak Chong-hui, he is in fact an ugly perpetrator of treason against the nation who does not hesitate to commit whatever acts of treason against the country and the people under the aegis of the U.S. imperialist bayonet, a dyed-in-the-wool puppet of imperialist colonialism who does not have any qualification or power whatever to participate in the solution to such a vital national question as fatherland reunification. Speaking well of this is the fact in itself that the Pak Chong-hui puppet gang are opposing reunification to the death, mouthing "the tragedy of reunification surpasses the tragedy of the division" as late as this date.

Having led the North-South talks to a stalemate, the scoundrels have been talking about a "resumption of the talks" as a trumpeter taking the ball from the U.S. imperialists who recently spoke out for some kind of "talks."

This is no more than their vain attempt to decieve the opinion at home and abroad for Korea's independent and peaceful reunification and to cover up by hook or crook, if only a little, their splittist machinations.

We have never opposed the North-South talks; we have always kept the doors open for the talks toward reunification. Government of the republic have repeatedly proposed convening a great national conference consisting of representatives of all political parties, social organizations, and people of all strata in the North and South for discussion of the question of national reunification.

If South Korea's rulers really want the North-South talks, then they shall cease suppressing the patriotic people aiming for peaceful reunification, they shall release the arrested and imprisoned youths, students, and democratic personalities, they shall stop the fascist rule, they shall pursue the road to democracy, they shall put aside the "anti-communist" racket, they shall unite with communism, they shall aim for reunification.

But reality shows that the Pak Chong-hui puppet gang, thinking nothing of peaceful reunification, solely pursue their sinister ambitions to achieve "reunification by vanquishing communism" through nurturing "strength."

At present, U.S. imperialism and the Pak Chong-hui puppet gang, using "threat of aggression from the North" as an excuse, are bringing in large quantities of murder weapons such as nuclear weapons and combat equipment for strengthening the U.S. imperialist aggressive armed forces and accelerating "modernization" of the puppet troops; they are reinforcing various kinds of "civilian military organizations" such as the "militia," "civilian defense teams" and "student national defense corps"; and they are crazed in perpetrating "anti-communist" and war machinations, placing the entire domains of political, economic and social life on a "wartime footing."

The war machinations being accelerated by the Pak Chong-hui puppet gang under the guise of "all-out security" incontrovertibly prove that the "revitalization system" the scoundrels are sustaining is a system for the division, not reunification, that it is a war system, a confrontation system designed to make come true their fantasies of "reunification by vanquishing communism" through "nurturing real strength."

The "revitalization" dictatorship in South Korea, which is a system of violent fascist repression and national division, can never last long.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"The course of history shows that no question is ever solved by oppression and suppression. Is there a precedent wherein the fascist rule over a country has lasted long? Neither ancient history nor modern history knows of such a precedent." ("A Collection of Documents on the Visits of the Great Leader Comrade Kim Il-song to Foreign Countries," p 113)

It is in the scheme of things that the oppressors of people are destined to fall by the struggle of awakened people. In bygone days such was the fate of the Hitler gang which had tried to enslave the peoples of Europe and so was the fate of the Tojo clique which had attempted to enslave the peoples of Asia. And so were the fates of the gangs of Thieu, Lon Nol, and Syngman Rhee, which had made it their vocation to exercise the fascist rule as the faithful lackeys of U.S. imperialism.

Neither can be different the fate of the Pak Chong-hui puppet gang which, oblivious to this lesson of history, are repeating the same mistake as did the earlier scoundrels.

It is in the scheme of things that the harsher the suppression of reactionaries, the more heightened the awakening of people and the stronger the struggle.

From the first day the "revitalization" dictatorship was established the South Korean people have been steadfastly struggling against it, and this struggle is being launched persistently among broad strata such as not only workers, peasants, youths, and students but intellectuals, political activists and religious personalities as well. By the struggle launched with dynamic force everywhere in South Korea by the people, youths, and students under the slogans of "revitalization revocation" and "down with dictatorship," the "revitalization system" is being shaken to the foundations. If the Pak Chong-hui puppet gang go any farther in repressing at the point of the bayonet the dissatisfaction and resentment of the people pent up at the bottom of the South Korean society, then it will inevitably bring about a great revolutionary explosion.

Because of the contradictions within the ruling circles the "revitalization dictatorship is generating pus inside. As revealed by the conflicts among traitor Pak Chong-hui's "confidents at the highest level," by the "Security Command case," by "the Marine affair," and more recently by the public trial of the former "2nd Army Commander" of the puppet army, the conflicts within the puppet ruling circles and the upper echelons of the military are even more accelerating the fall of the "revitalization" dictatorship.

The "revitalization" dictatorship is ever more strongly denounced internationally as well, and is being driven into a blind alley. Progressive peoples of the world are ever more raising their voice of denunciation against the "revitalization" dictatorship. Some time ago, the International Democratic Lawyers Association published an indictment branding scoundrel Pak Chong-hui as dictator, as traitor against the Korean nation, and calling for his punishment. Traitor Pak Chong-hui's "revitalization system," which cannot survive a day without the backing of U.S. imperialism, is also becoming a target of criticism by the U.S. Congress and broad social circles.

The course of hictory does not run according to the will of imperialists and their lackeys but unerringly moves in the direction of the aspiration and action of the masses of people.

Today, that in South Korea the U.S. imperialist colonial rule must be liquidated and the "revitalization system" discarded is becoming a strong demand of our time, the era of independent stand and attitude.

By the struggle of the South Korean people and world progressive peoples moving forward with dynamic force following the current of history will be inevitably liquidated the U.S. imperialist colonial rule in South Korea along with the fall of the "revitalization" dictatorship before long.

By more valiantly launching the struggle for the democratization of society and the attainment of independent and peaceful fatherland reunification, smashing the "revitalization" dictatorship under the anti-U.S. national salvation banner, the South Korean people shall inevitably win the final victory.

12153

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U.S. IMPERIALISM IS THE OUTRAGEOUS STRANGLER OF NATIONAL INDEPENDENCE AND SOVEREIGN RIGHTS

Pyongyang KULLOJA in Korean Dec 76 pp 55-60

[Article by Pak In-kun]

[Text] Today, the U.S. imperialists, in an attempt to get out from under their rapidly declining plight, are viciously perpetrating aggression machinations against world revolutionary peoples and countries.

The heinous U.S. imperialists are going berserk everywhere in the world to enforce their colonial rule by whatever unscrupulous means and methods in those countries fighting revolution, trampling on and rubbing out the national independence and sovereign rights of their progressive peoples who are moving forward along the road to anti-imperialist sovereignty.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"The U.S. imperialists are harshly suppressing the national liberation movements of the Asian, African and Latin American peoples, coming out as a heinous strangler of national independence." ("Kim Il-song Selected Works," Vol 5, 2d impression, p 184)

Committing aggression and plunder against other nations, other countries, and trampling on and rubbing out national independence and sovereign rights is an attribute inseparable from imperialism.

The imperialists, by rubbing out national independence and sovereign rights, the sacred inviolable rights of all peoples, are trying to force slavery upon them and perpetuate their rule over them. Many countries, many nations had their sovereign rights ruthlessly trampled on by imperialism and bygone days, and even today, are exposed to constant menace of the imperialists bent on rubbing out the sovereign rights of countries and nations.

U.S. imperialism is the chieftain of imperialism worst among the imperialists in strangling national independence and sovereign rights, the bulwark of modern colonialism.

Today, the U.S. imperialists, extending their tentacles of aggression deep into all regions of the world such as Asia, Africa, and Latin America, are perpetrating all kinds of machinations to trample on and rub out the independence and sovereign rights of progressive peoples.

Above all, U.S. imperialism is mounting armed offensives everywhere in the world to stifle the sovereign rights of those countries fighting revolution and progressive peoples.

This is well shown by the U.S. imperialist aggression machinations against Korea. As is well-known, having illegally occupied South Korea following liberation, U.S. imperialism not only repressed the sovereign rights of the people at the point of the bayonet, forcing colonial slavery on them but also provoked, using South Korea as their military base, the brigandish aggressive war against our republic. The scoundrels, instead of drawing the deserved lesson from their ignominious defeat in this war, continued to squat in South Korea even after the war, ceaselessly perpetrating machinations to unleash another aggressive war for occupying by force of arms the northern half of the republic and other revolutionary countries of Asia. Talking about nonexistent "threat of aggression from the North" and proclaiming South Korea as its "forward defense area," U.S. imperialism has been continuing to strengthen its aggressive armed forces in South Korea: and bringing in large quantities of mass murder weapons such as nuclear weapons and various kinds of ammunition for deployment in areas along the military demarcation line, it has been committing grave military provocations against us. By the U.S. imperialist war provocation machinations growing worse with each passing day is being created a tense situation in Korea where war break out once again at any moment.

Meanwhile, U.S. imperialism, pursuing its "policy of strength," is standing in the way of our people's peaceful fatherland reunification. Opposing outright all the fair and just lines advanced by our party on independently and peacefully effecting national reunification with the hands of the Korean people themselves, U.S. imperialism is obstructing their realization in every possible way.

As the North-South Joint Statement was announced by the invariable effort of our party and government and as the way was paved to hold the North-South talks toward reunification, U.S. imperialism came out to obstruct the talks talking about "backing by strength"; furthermore, it is answering our just proposal for replacing the Korean cease-fire agreement with a peace agreement by leading the situation in the Korean peninsula closer to the brink of war.

U.S. imperialism not only is repressing by "strength" the realization of Korea's reunification in accordance with the will of our people but also is blatantly weaving the criminal web of international intrigues aimed at permanently keeping our country split in two, waving such things as "cross recognition" and "the fourth session of talks," and trying to force us to submit to them.

The cunning and sinister aggression machinations of U.S. imperialism against Korea represent the most vicious criminal act to perpetuate the theft of a one-half of the territory of our country and to rub out the soviereign rights of our nation. The fact that the fatherland still remains to be reunified after some 30 years since the division is entirely due to the occupation of South Korea by U.S. imperialism which is ruthlessly trampling on the sovereign rights of our people.

In the Middle East and Africa, too, U.S. imperialism is viciously perpetrating military provocation machinations aimed at rubbing out the struggle of the peoples for protecting their national independence and sovereign rights. With a view to stifling the just cause of the Arab peoples pursuing the road to national independence and anti-imperialist sovereignty, U.S. imperialism incited the Israeli aggressors into provoking anti-Arab war as many as four times, ceaselessly committing acts of vicious military provocation in the region. U.S. imperialism is positively backing the Israeli expansionists to keep occupying the Sini Peninsula, the Arab areas west of the Jordan River and part of the Syrian territory on the one hand and is encouraging them to ever more viciously commit fresh military provocations, turning over large additional quantities of modern weapons to Israel.

On the other hand, U.S. imperialism, mouthing such things as "a peaceful solution to the Mideast question," has crawled into the Arab countries, resorting to the sinister political and military stratagem aimed at thwarting the anti-imperialist front in the region by soothing the anti-Israeli struggle of the Arab countries and getting the Arab people to fight among themselves.

That the Palestinians have yet to restore their national rights and the grim violation of the national sovereign rights and territorial integrity of the Arab countries still exists is related to the vicious aggression machinations of U.S. imperialism against the region. U.S. imperialism is the ringleader responsible for blocking the national independence and independent development of the Arab countries and gravely destroying the peace and security in the region.

In southern Africa, too, the U.S. imperialists are persistently scheming to rub out the just cause of the peoples for freedom and independence and to turn the area into their bulwark, strongpoint for aggression against Africa.

Turning over large quantities of modern murder weapons to the racists of South Africa, U.S. imperialism is positively driving them into rubbing out the struggle of the peoples of Namibia, Azania (?) and Zimbabwe for national independence and sovereign rights. Meanwhile, the scoundrels have infiltrated southern Africa and are hatching cunning plots of appearement and deception, pretending to support black majority rule and to be concerned for the "independence" and "prosperity" of the peoples in the region. By

behaving in this manner U.S. imperialism is trying to achieve its sinister aggression ambitions by allaying the armed struggle and anti-U.S., anti-racist struggle of the national liberation forces of southern Africa.

Everywhere in the world the U.S. imperialists not only are committing acts of military provocation against those countries fighting revolution but also are cunningly and viciously scheming to destroy one by one the newly emerging countries which are moving forward with dynamic force along the road to anti-imperialist sovereignty.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"The imperialists are stepping up their machinations to divide the non-alined nations, countries of the Third World, and play them one against another, mounting acts of overthrow and sabotage everywhere in the world." ("Talk With the Editor in Chief of the Japanese Politico-theoretical Magazine 'Sekai'," p 2)

Struck with terror at the peoples of Asia, Africa, and Latin America striving for national independence and energetically launching common struggle against imperialism and colonialism, united under the banner of anti-imperialist sowereignty, the U.S. imperialists are trying by hook or by crook to rub out the national sovereign rights of these countries destroying them one by one.

In the present period the cunning technique to which U.S. imperialism is resorting in this connection is its vicious maneuver to divide the newly emerging countries and play them one against another.

Adroitly taking advantage of the question of territories stemming as aftereffects of imperialist colonial rule in Asia, Africa, and Latin America, of the differences in political philosophy and religious beliefs of the countries in the regions, and of the many barriers confronting the newly independent countries, U.S. imperialism is driving wedges into the countries of the regions in order to get them to fight each other, in an attempt to take them off the anti-imperialist front one by one. In particular, in such maneuvers U.S. imperialism is using economic pressure, intimidation and blackmail as important means. U.S. imperialism is playing some countries for suckers with such things as food supplies and weapons in drawing them to its side while blatantly bringing economic pressure to bear on those countries holding fast to the anti-imperialist independent stand. This is clearly seen in the U.S. imperialist economic intimidation which is becoming more blatant with each passing day against the newly emerging countries, the nonalined nations, which are struggling to protect the natural resources cf their countries from imperialist plunder and are carrying out progressive socio-economic reforms, nationalizing imperialist monopoly companies within their countries.

Too, against those countries resolutely exercising their national sovereign rights, refusing to acquiesce in its brigandish demands in the international arena, U.S. imperialism is putting pressure on them by means of cutting off "aid." When the 30th U.N. General Assembly discussed the Korean question and various international questions, U.S. imperialism intimidated and black-mailed those countries refusing to follow it, using "economic, technical and military aid" for bait; at the "conference on international economic cooperation" last December U.S. imperialism used "aid" for bait in openly intimidating the petroleum producing countries: these are the actual proofs. The U.S. imperialist economic pressure, intimidation, and blackmail not only are blocking the newly emerging countries on their way to consolidation of national independence and independent development but also are vicious acts of aggression to hold these countries in its own hand, taking them off the anti-imperialist front.

Another vicious aggression technique the U.S. imperialists are using to strangle the national independence and sovereign rights of the newly emerging countries is activities of sabotage and overthrow.

Everywhere in the world U.S. imperialism is persistently scheming to overthrow by counterrevolutionary violence those progressive governments aiming for genuine national independence and independent development, to place in position its followers and puppets, to make the national independence of these countries exist in name only, to turn them rightist.

The U.S. imperialists are using the notorious U.S. Central Intelligence Agency and many other espionage apparatus as major tools for sabotage and overthrow activities against progressive countries in Asia, Africa, and Latin America. The U.S. Central Intelligence Agency, which is extending its dark tentacles of aggression into all regions of the three continents, is carrying out large-scale espionage activities in an attempt to rally through bribery the reactionary upper echelons of the military, the upper tribal circles, anti-people social forces in the regions into pro-U.S. lackeys on the one hand and is ceaselessly inciting military rebellion against progressive governments along with vicious acts of fascist terror against democratic personalities. The reactionary military coup which overthrew the progressive Allende government of Chile and many counterrevolutionary military coups in countries of the three continents had one and all been planned and executed by the Central Intelligence Agency.

The shameless, ruthless international acts of terror by the U.S. Central Intelligence Agency are also clearly seen in the bestial atrocities in blowing up some time ago a Cuban passenger plane in the sky above the coast of Barbados, which resulted in victimizing en masse some 70 passengers of our country, Cuba, Guyana, etc. who were traveling aboard the plane on a peaceful mission.

The 100-plus bloody military coups staged by U.S. imperialism everywhere in the world including the three continents after World War II along with

ceaseless atrocities of murder and violent repression eloquently show how wildly crazed the scoundrels are in opposing the independence and sovereign rights of progressive peoples.

The vicious activities of sabotage and overthrow by U.S. imperialism directly menace the national independence of many newly emerging countries, and their socio-economic development is confronted with serious obstacles.

Infiltrating countries in Asia, Africa, and Latin America, U.S. imperialism is promoting national nihilism and worship of the United States along with instillation of "anti-communist" ideas and the decayed Yankee way of life in an attempt to ideologically and mentally disarm the peoples of the countries and once again keep them in colonial bondage.

In this manner the U.S. imperialists are being ever more tyrannical, not particularly selective of the means to strangle the independence and sovereign rights of the countries fighting revolution, the progressive countries. All facts eloquently show that though the U.S. imperialists are mouthing about national "independence" and "freedom" on the outside, their attribute of aggression has in fact changed in no way, and they are trying to realize their heinous ambitions for world hegemony, resorting to even more cunning and sinister means.

The criminal machinations of U.S. imperialism to rub out the national independence and sovereign rights of world peoples are the brigandish trait native to the Yankees who from the days of their forefathers have been making it a vocation, a major means of livelihood, to commit aggression and plunder against other countries.

Ever since its ancestors erected a state of brigands in the sea of blood created by the merciless massacre of many Indian tribes, the natives of the American continent, U.S. imperialism has been forever pursuing its genocide policy under which the scoundrels expanded their territories, ruthlessly trampling on the sovereign rights of many nations, many countries and forcing the fate of colonial slavery on them. In a span of less than 200 years up to the early 20th century since independence the scoundrels, in an effort to rub out the independence and sovereign rights of other races, staged no less than 114 murderous wars and 8,600 bloody sorties. ticular, having become the chieftain of world imperialism following World War II, U.S. imperialism behaved most outrageously in opposing national liberation and independence. Driven by their heinous ambitions for world hegemony, the scoundrels opposed the national liberation struggle, also the sovereign rights of newly independent countries, by such vicious aggression machinations as blatant armed intervention, activities of overthrow and sabotage, rule and plunder through "aid," ideo-cultural infiltration, thus entering the stage as "emperor" of colonialism after driving out the old colonialists from all parts of the world. The history of the United States eloquently shows by what kind of ruthless, shameless and violent methods U.S. imperialism has trampled on the freedom, independence and sovereign rights of peoples and inflicted unhappiness, hardships and sufferings of them.

Indeed, there is no place on the face of the earth where the U.S. imperialist tentacles of aggression have not reached nor is there any country whose national independence and sovereign rights do not face the threat of the U.S. imperialists.

The U.S. imperialists are indeed the ringleader of aggression and war, the most outrageous stranger of national independence and sovereign rights, the common enemy No 1 of the entire world peoples.

The ever more vicious scheming of U.S. imperialism to trample on and rub cut the independence and sovereign rights of other nations represents the struggle of death in an attempt to extricate themselves being sucked deeper into the abyss of ruin as they are dealt serious blows at home and abroad.

Today, the general trend of the world is changing more unfavorably to the imperialists, to the advantage of the peoples fighting revolution.

By the strengthening of world socialist forces and the emergence of new forces the colonial realm of imperialists headed by U.S. imperialism is significantly shrinking and their politico-economic base is disintegrating beyond control. By the revolutionary struggle of world peoples with a daily heightening upsurge U.S. imperialism is being isolated, denounced and driven out, sustaining serious blows everywhere. The U.S. imperialist foreign policy on aggression, in pursuit of its heinous ambitions for world hegemony, is going totally bankrupt. Also because of the daily worsening social class conflicts within the United States, coupled with political instability, cataclysmal economic crisis, U.S. imperialism is going through excruciating pains, lost in its way. U.S. imperialism is desperately trying to the death to find its way out of the inextricable predicament in strengthening its aggression machinations against other countries.

The U.S. imperialists are trying to trample on and rub out the sovereign rights of the revolutionary countries and progressive peoples in Asia, Africa, and Latin America so as to realize their colonial rule over the countries, regaining their lost position in the regions.

Under conditions in which the U.S. imperialists are viciously perpetrating machinations, driven by their sinister ambitions for aggression against the three continents, it is inevitable that the national independence and prosperity of the countries in the regions, world peace and security cannot escape menace.

The U.S. imperialists' heinous tentacles of aggression must be broken for the independent development of progressive peoples in all regions of the world such as Asia, Africa, and Latin America.

In an attempt to get out from under the crisis confronting it, U.S. imperialism is stepping up its schemes to strangle the independence and

sovereign rights of other nations, other countries by all sorts of cunning and vicious methods; but it stands to gain nothing but even greater blows and its ruin.

Our time is an era of independent stand and attitude, an age of antiimperialist struggle. Peoples, who used to live in bygone days, subjected
to the exploitation and oppression, mistreatment and contempt of the imperialists, are moving the world, having entered the stage of history as
heroes. None wants to tolerate others to violate its national independence
and sovereign rights. Many countries, resolutely opposing imperialist
machinations for aggression and intervention in all forms, are determinedly
struggling to consolidate their national independence and protect their
national sovereign rights. Gone forever are the days when the imperialists
used to violate the independence and sovereign rights of other nations,
other countries, to have world peoples at their beck and call, to make it
their business to exploit and plunder.

The more the U.S. imperialists step up their aggression policy against national independence and sovereign rights, the more dynamic resistance of peoples they will run into; and this will rapidly accelerate the decline and fall of the scoundrels themselves.

The aggressive trait of imperialism, even though weakened, never changes. U.S. imperialism, as its plight becomes difficult and it approaches closer to the brink of ruin, is ever more cunningly and viciously clinging to the death to its aggression and war policy against other nations.

In order to solidly guard national independence and sovereign rights, it is imperative to heighten vigilance against U.S. imperialist aggression machinations, to resolutely struggle, with the banner of anti-imperialist sovereignty high, against their sinister aggression scheme. There can be no illusions about the U.S. imperialists.

In order for the newly emerging countries in Asia, Africa, and Latin Americto consolidate national independence and achieve independent development, it is essential to cut off the political, economic and military relations entered into with the U.S. imperialists, to liquidate the politico-economic base so as to allow no foothold for internal reactionary forces in collusion with the scoundrels, to carry out the revolutionary reform of society by rallying and uniting revolutionary forces.

For the newly emerging countries to energetically launch united struggle under the banner of anti-imperialist sovereignty is very important in achieving national independence and independent national development.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"The newly emerging forces in Asia, Africa, and Latin America must confront the imperialists' strategy of destruction one by one with the strategy of unity; they must not only solidly unite politically but closely cooperate economically and technologically as well." ("The Newly Emerging Forces Must Unite Under the Banner of Anti-Imperialist Sovereignty," p 13)

Unity and cooperation are the most effective weapon for peoples of the newly emerging forces, a source of invincible strength. In particular, under conditions in which the imperialists headed by U.S. imperialism are pursuing in the present period, with their united forces of international capital, the strategy of destroying the newly emerging countries one by one, the unity and cooperation of the newly emerging countries present themselves as an even more urgent demand. The imperialists' strategy of destruction one by one must be confronted with the strategy of unity; only then will it be possible to vanquish them.

When the newly emerging countries further strengthen political unity on the principles of independent stand and attitude and energetically launch the united anti-imperialist struggle, it will be possible to crush all aggression machinations of the imperialists headed by U.S. imperialism and to thoroughly guard national independence and sovereign rights.

It is important for the peoples of newly emerging countries to not only unite politically but also closely cooperate economically.

For the newly emerging countries to closely cooperate economically is an important demand for putting an end to the ruthless plunder of said countries by the imperialists and for successfully building self-supporting rational economy.

The newly emerging countries have the admirable potential for close economic and technological cooperation. The newly emerging countries accounting for most of the world population and territories possess inexhaustible natural recourses and in addition, have a lot of worthy experiences and technology that can be exchanged with one another.

If the newly emerging countries effectively mobilize and utilize all the economic potential on the principle of filling each other's needs, helping each other and learning from each other and develop many-sided economic and technological cooperation, then it will be possible not only to beat back the economic pressure of the imperialists but also to choke the lifeline of the secundrels and achieve national prosperity and development by admirably building self-supporting national economy without getting indebted to big powers.

Heinous U.S. imperialism is perpetrating all sorts of machinations, using its lackeys, to create chaos within the progressive countries and divert them from the road to anti-imperialist sover ϵ ignty.

Peoples of the newly emerging countries must internationally and completely isolate the ugly lackeys tied to the U.S. imperialist apron strings and thoroughly crush all sorts of the scoundrels' counterrevolutionary machinations.

If the newly emerging countries, the nonalined nations, solidly unite and energetically launch united struggle, then it shall be possible to crush whatever aggression and intervention of the imperialists, to quicken the scoundrels' ultimate fall, to successfully build a new society, a new world free and prosperous, devoid of imperialism.

Our party holds it as the invariable principle of its foreign policy to positively support the sacred struggle of the peoples in Asia, Africa, and Latin America who are courageously struggling to defend their national independence and sovereign rights. Just as in bygone days, we shall continue to resolutely fight, firmly holding hands with the progressive peoples of the three continents, against the U.S. imperialists' aggression and intervention machinations. No matter however cunning and vicious machinations they may perpetrate, there is no way the U.S. imperialists can check the torrential stream of our time in which the world peoples, desirous of living independently, grasping their destinies in their own hands, move forward toward their aim and independent stand and attitude.

The U.S. imperialists' vicious machinations to trample on and rub out national independence and sovereign rights cannot escape total bankruptcy and the scoundrels shall ultimately fall.

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